

LAUREATE EDUCATION, INC.
CHARTER OF THE AUDIT AND RISK COMMITTEE
OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

As amended and restated on December 11, 2025

I. STATEMENT OF POLICY

The Audit and Risk Committee (the “*Committee*”) of the Board of Directors (the “*Board*”) of Laureate Education, Inc. (the “*Company*”) has the responsibility and authority to oversee the accounting and financial reporting processes of the Company, the integrity of the financial reports and other financial information provided by the Company to its stockholders and the audits of the Company’s financial statements. Additionally, the Committee has the responsibility and authority to oversee the Company’s enterprise risk assessment and risk management and the Company’s compliance and ethics program. The Committee shall also review the qualifications, independence and performance, and approve the terms of engagement of the Company’s independent auditor, oversee the Company’s internal audit function and prepare any reports required of the Committee under rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “*SEC*”).

The Company shall provide appropriate funding, as determined by the Committee, to permit the Committee to perform its duties under this Charter, to compensate its advisors and to compensate any registered public accounting firm engaged for the purpose of rendering or issuing an audit report or related work or performing other audit, review or attest services for the Company. The Committee, at its discretion, has the authority to initiate investigations and hire legal, accounting or other outside advisors or experts to assist the Committee, as it deems necessary, to fulfill its duties under this Charter. The Committee may also perform such other activities consistent with this Charter, the Company’s Bylaws and governing law, as the Committee or the Board deems necessary or appropriate.

II. ORGANIZATION AND MEMBERSHIP REQUIREMENTS

The Committee shall be appointed annually by the Board on the recommendation of the Company’s Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and shall be composed of three or more directors, each of whom shall satisfy the independence and experience requirements of the Nasdaq Stock Market (“*Nasdaq*”) and applicable law, except as may otherwise be permitted by the rules of Nasdaq or the rules of the SEC. In addition, the Committee shall not include any member who:

- has participated in the preparation of the financial statements of the Company or any current subsidiary at any time during the past three years;
- accepts any consulting, advisory, or other compensatory fee, directly or indirectly, from the Company, other than in his or her capacity as a member of the Committee, the Board, or any other committee of the Board; or

- is an affiliate of the Company or any subsidiary of the Company, other than a director who meets the independence requirements of Nasdaq.

Each member of the Committee must be able to read and understand fundamental financial statements, including a balance sheet, income statement and cash flow statement. In addition, at least one member shall have past employment experience in finance or accounting, professional certification in accounting, or other comparable experience or background resulting in the individual being financially sophisticated, which may include being or having been a chief executive, chief financial or other senior officer with financial oversight responsibilities. In addition, at least one member of the Committee must be an “audit committee financial expert” within the definition adopted by the SEC.

Each member of the Committee shall be appointed by the Board on the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and shall serve until his or her successor is duly elected and qualified or until such member’s earlier resignation, removal or death. The Board may remove or replace any member from the Committee at any time with or without cause on the recommendation of the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee. Unless a chairman is elected by the full Board, the members of the Committee may designate a chair by majority vote of the full Committee membership. The chair shall preside at all meetings of the Committee and set the agenda for each Committee meeting.

III. MEETINGS

The Committee shall meet as often as it determines, but not less frequently than quarterly. A majority of the members shall represent a quorum of the Committee. Formal action to be taken by the Committee shall be by unanimous written consent or by the affirmative vote of at least a majority of the members present (in person or by telephone conference call) at a meeting at which a quorum is present. The Committee may form and delegate authority to subcommittees, or to one or more members of the Committee, when appropriate. The Committee shall meet with management, internal auditors and the independent auditor in separate executive sessions as appropriate. The Committee shall meet with the independent auditor and management on a quarterly basis to review the Company’s financial statements and financial reports. The Committee shall maintain written minutes of its meetings, which minutes will be filed with the minutes of the meetings of the Board.

IV. COMMITTEE AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITIES

The Committee shall have the following authority and responsibilities, subject to such modification and additional authority as the Board may approve from time to time:

A. Oversight of the Company’s Independent Auditor

1. Be directly and solely responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of any independent auditor (including resolution of disagreements between management and the independent auditor regarding financial reporting) engaged by the Company for the purpose of preparing or issuing an audit report or related work, with each such auditor reporting directly to the Committee.

2. Periodically review and discuss with the independent auditor (i) the matters required to be discussed by Auditing Standard No. 16, and (ii) any formal written statements received from the independent auditor consistent with and in satisfaction of Independence Standards Board Standard No. 1, as amended, including without limitation, descriptions of (x) all relationships between the independent auditor and the Company, (y) any disclosed relationships or services that may impact the independent auditor's objectivity and independence and (z) whether any of the Company's senior finance personnel were recently employed by the independent auditor.

3. Evaluate annually the qualifications, performance and independence of the independent auditor, including a review of whether the independent auditor's quality-control procedures are adequate and a review and evaluation of the lead partner of the independent auditor, taking into account the opinions of management and the Company's internal auditors, and report to the Board on its conclusions, together with any recommendations for additional action.

4. Consult with the independent auditor regarding the rotation of the lead audit partner having primary responsibility for the audit and the audit partner responsible for reviewing the audit every five years, and consider issues related to the timing of such rotation and the transition to new lead and reviewing partners, and report to the Board on its conclusions.

5. Approve in advance the engagement of the independent auditor for all audit services and non-audit services, based on independence, qualifications and, if applicable, performance, and approve the fees and other terms of any such engagement; *provided, however,* that (i) the Committee may establish pre-approval policies and procedures for any engagement to render such services, provided that such policies and procedures (x) are detailed as to particular services, (y) do not involve delegation to management of the Committee's responsibilities hereunder and (z) provide that, at its next scheduled meeting, the Committee is informed as to each such service for which the independent auditor is engaged pursuant to such policies and procedures, and (ii) the Committee may delegate to one or more members of the Committee the authority to grant pre-approvals for such services, *provided* that the decisions of such member(s) to grant any such pre-approval shall be presented to the Committee at its next scheduled meeting.

6. Meet with the independent auditor prior to the audit to discuss the planning and staffing of the audit.

7. Approve, as necessary, the termination of the engagement of the independent auditor.

8. Establish policies for the hiring of employees or former employees of the independent auditor who participated in any capacity in the audit of the Company, taking into account the impact of such policies on auditor independence

9. Review with the independent auditor any significant difficulties encountered during the course of the audit, any restrictions on the scope of work or access to required information and any significant disagreement among management and the independent auditor in connection with the preparation of the financial statements. Review with the

independent auditor any accounting adjustments that were noted or proposed by the independent auditor but that were “passed” (as immaterial or otherwise), any material communications between the audit team and the independent auditor’s national office respecting auditing or accounting issues presented by the engagement, any “management” or “internal control” letter or schedule of unadjusted differences issued, or proposed to be issued, by the independent auditor to the Company, or any other material written communication provided by the independent auditor to the Company’s management.

10. Review with the independent auditor the critical accounting policies and practices used by the Company, all alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles (“**GAAP**”) that the independent auditor has discussed with management, the ramifications of the use of such alternative treatments and the treatment preferred by the independent auditor.

B. Review of Financial Reporting, Policies and Processes, and Internal Audit Function

1. Review and discuss with management and the independent auditor the Company’s annual audited financial statements and any certification, report, opinion or review rendered by the independent auditor, and recommend to the Board whether the audited financial statements should be included in the Company’s annual report on Form 10-K.

2. Review and discuss with management and the independent auditor the Company’s quarterly financial statements.

3. Review and discuss with management press releases regarding the Company’s financial results and any other information provided to securities analysts and rating agencies, including any “pro-forma,” “non-GAAP” or adjusted financial information.

4. Review and discuss with management and the independent auditors the Company’s quarterly financial statements and the disclosure under “Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations” to be included in the Company’s annual report on Form 10-K and quarterly reports on Form 10-Q before each such form is filed.

5. Periodically meet separately with management, with internal auditors and with the independent auditor.

6. Review with management its assessment of the effectiveness and adequacy of the Company’s internal control structure and procedures for financial reporting (“**Internal Controls**”), review annually with the independent auditor the attestation to and report on the assessment made by management, and consider with management and the independent auditor whether any changes to the Internal Controls are appropriate in light of management’s assessment or the independent auditor’s attestation and report.

7. To the extent it deems appropriate, review with management its evaluation of the Company’s procedures and controls designed to assure that information required to be disclosed in the Company’s periodic reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported in such reports within the time periods specified by the SEC for the filing of such reports

(“*Disclosure Controls*”), and consider whether any changes are appropriate in light of management’s evaluation of the effectiveness of such Disclosure Controls.

8. Review and discuss with management and the independent auditor any off-balance sheet transactions or structures and their effect on the Company’s financial results and operations, as well as the disclosure regarding such transactions and structures in the Company’s public filings.

9. Approve the appointment and replacement of the head of the internal auditors. Review the significant reports to management prepared by the internal auditors. Review and approve the internal auditors’ responsibilities, budget and staffing and the planned scope of internal audits. The head of the Internal Audit function shall functionally report directly to the Committee and administratively to the Chief Financial Officer.

C. Risk Management, Related Party Transactions, Legal Compliance and Ethics

1. Review with the chief executive and chief financial officer of the Company any report on significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the Internal Controls that could adversely affect the Company’s ability to record, process, summarize or report financial data, any material weaknesses in the Internal Controls identified to the auditors, and any fraud that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Internal Controls.

2. Review and approve any related-party transactions, after reviewing each such transaction for potential conflicts of interests and other improprieties.

3. Establish procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, and the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting or auditing matters, fraud and violations of the Code of Conduct and Ethics (the “*Code of Conduct*”). Adopt, as necessary, appropriate remedial measures or actions with respect to such complaints or concerns.

4. Review the Company’s Code of Conduct periodically and recommend such changes to such Code of Conduct as the Committee shall deem appropriate, and adopt procedures for monitoring and enforcing compliance with such Code of Conduct. Additionally, provide for and review prompt disclosure to the public of any change in, or waiver of, such Code of Conduct.

5. As requested by the Board, review and investigate conduct alleged by the Board or management to be in violation of the Code of Conduct for employees or for non-employee directors, and adopt as necessary or appropriate, remedial, disciplinary, or other measures with respect to such conduct.

6. Provide oversight of the Company’s ethics and compliance activities, including the receipt of regular reports from the Company’s Chief Ethics & Compliance Officer concerning such activities, as well as investigations related to the Code of Conduct, and the

provision of guidance on the same. Review and approve an annual plan of Ethics & Compliance activities. The Chief Ethics & Compliance Officer shall report jointly to the Committee and to the Chief Legal Officer or, if the Chief Legal Officer is serving as the Chief Ethics & Compliance Officer, jointly to the Committee and to the Chief Executive Officer. Neither the duties, compensation, or budget of the Chief Ethics & Compliance Officer may be materially diminished without prior approval of the Committee.

7. Discuss with management and the independent auditor any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies that raise material issues regarding the Company's financial statements or accounting policies.

8. Discuss guidelines and policies to govern the process by which risk assessment and management is undertaken and handled. Discuss with management the Company's major financial and enterprise risk exposures (including strategic, operational, legal, regulatory and cybersecurity risks), and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures.

9. Review with the Company's general counsel and report to the Board on litigation, material government investigations and compliance with applicable legal requirements and the Company's Code of Conduct.

10. Prepare the Committee report required by the rules of the SEC to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement.

11. Review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter at least annually and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval.

12. Review and approve policies and procedures for the Company's compliance with any unique obligations applicable to it by reason that it is a public benefit corporation under applicable laws, rules and regulations.

V. ANNUAL REVIEW

The Committee shall review on at least an annual basis the scope of responsibilities of the Committee and the Committee's performance of its duties. Any proposed changes to this Charter or the scope of responsibilities of the Committee, where indicated, shall be referred to the Board for appropriate action.