

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2025
OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES
EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from _____ to _____
Commission file number 1-9810

Owens & Minor, Inc.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Virginia
(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

10900 Nuckols Road, Suite 400
Glen Allen, Virginia
(Address of principal executive offices)

Post Office Box 27626,
Richmond, Virginia
(Mailing address of principal executive
offices)

54-1701843
(I.R.S. Employer
Identification No.)

23060
(Zip Code)

23261-7626
(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (804) 723-7000

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, \$2 par value per share	OMI	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer", "accelerated filer", "smaller reporting company" and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>
Emerging growth company	<input type="checkbox"/>		

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

The number of shares of Owens & Minor, Inc.'s common stock outstanding as of October 24, 2025 was 77,346,594 shares.

Owens & Minor, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Index

<u>Part I. Financial Information</u>	<u>Page</u>
<u>Item 1. Financial Statements</u>	3
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations—Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024</u>	3
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income—Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024</u>	4
<u>Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets—September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024</u>	5
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows—Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024</u>	6
<u>Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Deficit)—Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2025 and 2024</u>	7
<u>Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements</u>	8
<u>Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	31
<u>Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	42
<u>Item 4. Controls and Procedures</u>	42
 <u>Part II. Other Information</u>	
<u>Item 1. Legal Proceedings</u>	42
<u>Item 1A. Risk Factors</u>	42
<u>Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	45
<u>Item 5. Other Information</u>	45
<u>Item 6. Exhibits</u>	46
<u>Signatures</u>	47

Part I. Financial Information
Item 1. Financial Statements

Owens & Minor, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(unaudited)

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
<i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i>	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net revenue	\$ 697,264	\$ 686,846	\$ 2,053,065	\$ 1,985,089
Operating costs and expenses:				
Cost of net revenue	375,067	355,075	1,087,024	1,037,700
Selling, general and administrative expenses	265,838	272,322	796,061	812,453
Transaction breakage fee	—	—	80,000	—
Acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization	29,229	14,855	66,603	42,905
Exit and realignment charges, net	660	13,515	16,826	37,062
Total operating costs and expenses	670,794	655,767	2,046,514	1,930,120
Operating income	26,470	31,079	6,551	54,969
Interest expense, net	29,029	28,953	79,252	79,949
Transaction financing fees, net	—	—	18,288	—
Other expense, net	1,076	1,168	2,993	2,869
(Loss) income from continuing operations before income taxes	(3,635)	958	(93,982)	(27,849)
Income tax provision (benefit)	1,972	(303)	(743)	(8,974)
(Loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax	(5,607)	1,261	(93,239)	(18,875)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(144,669)	(14,031)	(951,077)	(47,695)
Net loss	\$ (150,276)	\$ (12,770)	\$ (1,044,316)	\$ (66,570)
Basic loss per common share:				
(Loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.02	\$ (1.21)	\$ (0.25)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(1.87)	(0.19)	(12.34)	(0.62)
Net loss	\$ (1.94)	\$ (0.17)	\$ (13.55)	\$ (0.87)
Diluted loss per common share:				
(Loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.02	\$ (1.21)	\$ (0.25)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(1.87)	(0.18)	(12.34)	(0.62)
Net loss	\$ (1.94)	\$ (0.16)	\$ (13.55)	\$ (0.87)

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Owens & Minor, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive (Loss) Income
(unaudited)

<i>(in thousands)</i>	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net loss	\$ (150,276)	\$ (12,770)	\$ (1,044,316)	\$ (66,570)
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Currency translation adjustments	262	25,966	20,992	7,398
Change in unrecognized net periodic pension costs	100	265	983	699
Change in gains and losses on derivative instruments	(556)	(4,905)	(3,044)	(3,697)
Total other comprehensive (loss) income, net of tax	(194)	21,326	18,931	4,400
Comprehensive (loss) income	<u>\$ (150,470)</u>	<u>\$ 8,556</u>	<u>\$ (1,025,385)</u>	<u>\$ (62,170)</u>

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Owens & Minor, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
(unaudited)

<i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i>	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,837	\$ 27,572
Accounts receivable, net	202,731	218,270
Inventories	63,847	67,581
Other current assets	68,129	82,240
Current assets held for sale - discontinued operations	1,764,129	1,625,354
Total current assets	2,131,673	2,021,017
Patient service equipment and other fixed assets, net	259,729	249,283
Operating lease assets	119,093	126,928
Goodwill	1,228,140	1,228,140
Intangible assets, net	165,694	210,056
Other assets, net	131,897	89,539
Noncurrent assets held for sale - discontinued operations	—	731,193
Total assets	\$ 4,036,226	\$ 4,656,156
Liabilities and equity		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 339,728	\$ 359,927
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	45,231	73,678
Current portion of long-term debt	280,000	42,866
Other current liabilities	455,203	294,685
Current liabilities held for sale - discontinued operations	1,345,805	1,080,896
Total current liabilities	2,465,967	1,852,052
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	1,835,261	1,798,393
Operating lease liabilities, excluding current portion	81,352	89,466
Deferred income taxes, net	—	19,436
Other liabilities	83,153	72,551
Noncurrent liabilities held for sale - discontinued operations	—	237,894
Total liabilities	4,465,733	4,069,792
Commitments and contingencies		
Equity		
Common stock, par value \$2 per share; authorized - 200,000 shares; issued and outstanding - 77,299 shares and 77,199 shares	154,598	154,398
Paid-in capital	468,469	454,151
(Accumulated deficit) retained earnings	(1,022,161)	27,159
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(30,413)	(49,344)
Total (deficit) equity	(429,507)	586,364
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 4,036,226	\$ 4,656,156

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Owens & Minor, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(unaudited)

<i>(in thousands)</i>	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024
Operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (1,044,316)	\$ (66,570)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash (used for) provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	184,651	199,588
Goodwill impairment charge	106,389	—
Loss on classification to held for sale	771,640	—
Share-based compensation expense	17,330	19,281
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	311
Deferred income tax benefit	(53,762)	(15,119)
Changes in operating lease right-of-use assets and lease liabilities	249	7,156
Gain from sale and dispositions of patient service equipment and other fixed assets	(16,385)	(37,682)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable, net	111,500	(60,887)
Inventories	(146,351)	(132,433)
Accounts payable	(10,680)	164,261
Net change in other assets and liabilities	(98,763)	4,719
Other, net	8,522	7,869
Cash (used for) provided by operating activities	(169,976)	90,494
Investing activities:		
Additions to patient service equipment and other fixed assets	(177,823)	(148,031)
Proceeds from sale of patient service equipment and other fixed assets	53,369	84,759
Additions to computer software	(14,217)	(8,695)
Other, net	(1,910)	7,738
Cash used for investing activities	(140,581)	(64,229)
Financing activities:		
Borrowings under amended Receivables Financing Agreement	—	1,286,400
Repayments under amended Receivables Financing Agreement	—	(1,286,400)
Borrowings under Revolving Credit Facility	2,442,484	—
Repayments under Revolving Credit Facility	(2,171,784)	—
Repayments of debt	—	(211,447)
Repurchase of common stock	(6,656)	—
Other, net	41,530	(13,060)
Cash provided by (used for) financing activities	305,574	(224,507)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	1,767	408
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	(3,216)	(197,834)
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at beginning of period	49,382	272,924
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash at end of period	\$ 46,166	\$ 75,090
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Income taxes paid, net	\$ 8,784	\$ 7,610
Interest paid	\$ 96,138	\$ 104,278
Noncash investing activity:		
Unpaid purchases of patient service equipment and other fixed assets at end of period	\$ 71,823	\$ 75,176

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Owens & Minor, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity (Deficit)
(unaudited)

<i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i>	Common Shares Outstanding	Common Stock (\$2 par value)	Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings (Accumulated Deficit)	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss	Total Equity (Deficit)
Balance, December 31, 2024	77,199	\$ 154,398	\$ 454,151	\$ 27,159	\$ (49,344)	\$ 586,364
Net loss	—	—	—	(24,982)	—	(24,982)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	5,133	5,133
Share-based compensation expense, exercises and other	194	387	5,580	—	—	5,967
Shares repurchased and retired	(173)	(346)	—	(1,157)	—	(1,503)
Balance, March 31, 2025	77,220	154,439	459,731	1,020	(44,211)	570,979
Net loss	—	—	—	(869,058)	—	(869,058)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	13,992	13,992
Share-based compensation expense, exercises and other	630	1,260	6,970	—	—	8,230
Shares repurchased and retired	(653)	(1,306)	—	(3,847)	—	(5,153)
Balance, June 30, 2025	77,197	154,393	466,701	(871,885)	(30,219)	(281,010)
Net loss	—	—	—	(150,276)	—	(150,276)
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	(194)	(194)
Share-based compensation expense, exercises and other	102	205	1,768	—	—	1,973
Balance, September 30, 2025	77,299	\$ 154,598	\$ 468,469	\$ (1,022,161)	\$ (30,413)	\$ (429,507)
Balance, December 31, 2023	76,546	\$ 153,092	\$ 434,185	\$ 389,845	\$ (31,818)	\$ 945,304
Net loss	—	—	—	(21,886)	—	(21,886)
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	(11,619)	(11,619)
Share-based compensation expense, exercises and other	(97)	(195)	4,402	—	—	4,207
Balance, March 31, 2024	76,449	152,897	438,587	367,959	(43,437)	916,006
Net income	—	—	—	(31,913)	—	(31,913)
Other comprehensive loss	—	—	—	—	(5,307)	(5,307)
Share-based compensation expense, exercises and other	599	1,199	1,855	—	—	3,054
Balance, June 30, 2024	77,048	154,096	440,442	336,046	(48,744)	881,840
Net loss	—	—	—	(12,770)	—	(12,770)
Other comprehensive income	—	—	—	—	21,326	21,326
Share-based compensation expense, exercises and other	14	27	5,307	—	—	5,334
Balance, September 30, 2024	77,062	\$ 154,123	\$ 445,749	\$ 323,276	\$ (27,418)	\$ 895,730

See accompanying notes to unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

Owens & Minor, Inc. and Subsidiaries
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements
(unaudited)
(in thousands, except per share data, unless otherwise indicated)

Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Presentation and Consolidation. The unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Owens & Minor, Inc. and the subsidiaries it controls (the Company, we, us, or our) and contain all adjustments necessary to conform with United States (U.S.) generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year. In connection with the anticipated sale of our Products & Healthcare Services (P&HS) segment as detailed in the discontinued operations and assets held-for-sale section below, we determined that our continuing operations' business activities comprise a single operating and reporting segment. This determination is in accordance with ASC No. 280, *Segment Reporting*.

Revision of Prior Period Consolidated Financial Statements. We revised our prior period financial statements to correct for a prior period accounting error that impacted our beginning retained earnings balance and total equity. The error, which was discovered during the first quarter of 2025, related to the over accrual of accounts payable that had accumulated over multiple years.

We assessed the materiality of the error, both quantitatively and qualitatively, in accordance with the SEC's Staff Accounting Bulletin No. 99, and concluded that the error was not material to any of our previously reported financial statements based upon the nature of the error, including the immaterial annual quantitative impacts to prior period condensed consolidated statements of operations. Accordingly, the error was corrected through beginning retained earnings as of the earliest balance sheet date presented.

The cumulative impact of the error correction on our retained earnings and total equity as of the earliest balance sheet date presented, was an increase of \$21 million. The error also resulted in a cumulative \$23 million reduction to accounts payable, a \$1.6 million increase to other current liabilities, and a \$0.5 million increase to other liabilities as of December 31, 2023.

Reclassifications. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to current year presentation.

Discontinued Operations and Assets Held-for-Sale. On February 28, 2025, we announced that we were actively engaged in discussions regarding the anticipated sale of our P&HS segment. On October 7, 2025, we, entered into an Equity Purchase Agreement, (the Purchase Agreement) by and among the Company, Dominion Healthcare Acquisition Corporation, a Delaware corporation (the Purchaser), and Dominion Healthcare Holdings, L.P., a Delaware limited partnership (Purchaser Parent) to sell the P&HS segment, for an aggregate of \$375 million in cash, subject to certain adjustments for cash, indebtedness, net working capital and transaction expenses. We will retain a 5% equity interest in the P&HS segment. The Purchaser will be required to pay us a termination fee under certain specified circumstances of \$9.4 million or \$19 million depending on the stage of regulatory approval and other criteria. The sale is subject to customary closing conditions, including the Hart Scott Rodino Act and other regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the first quarter of 2026.

The P&HS segment was initially classified as discontinued operations and assets held for sale as of June 30, 2025. In accordance with GAAP, the financial position and results of operations of the P&HS segment are presented as discontinued operations and, as such, have been excluded from continuing operations for all periods presented. With the exception of Note 3, the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements reflect the continuing operations of Owens & Minor, Inc. unless otherwise noted. See Note 3 for additional information regarding discontinued operations and assets held for sale.

Use of Estimates. The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make assumptions and estimates that affect reported amounts and related disclosures. Significant estimates are used for,

but are not limited to, variable consideration, depreciation and amortization, goodwill valuation, valuation of intangible assets and other long-lived assets, estimated fair values of the net assets acquired in business combinations, self-insurance liabilities, tax liabilities, defined benefit obligations, share-based compensation and other contingencies. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents include cash and marketable securities with an original maturity or maturity at acquisition of three months or less. Cash and cash equivalents are stated at cost. Nearly all of our cash and cash equivalents are held in cash depository accounts in major banks in the U.S. Cash that has restrictions on its availability to us would be classified as restricted cash. There was no restricted cash as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

The following table provides a reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents reported within the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets that sum to the total of those same amounts presented in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,837	\$ 27,572
Cash and cash equivalents of held for sale - discontinued operations	13,329	21,810
Total cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 46,166</u>	<u>\$ 49,382</u>

Book overdrafts represent the amount of outstanding checks issued in excess of related bank balances and are included in accounts payable in our condensed consolidated balance sheets, as they are similar to trade payables and are not subject to finance charges or interest. Changes in book overdrafts are classified as operating activities in our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows.

Accounts Receivable, Net. Due to the nature of our industry and the reimbursement environment in which we operate, certain estimates are required to record net revenues and accounts receivable at their net realizable values, including estimating variable consideration. Inherent in these estimates is the risk that they will have to be revised or updated as additional information becomes available. Specifically, the complexity of many third-party billing arrangements, contractual terms, and the uncertainty of reimbursement amounts for certain services may result in adjustments to amounts originally recorded. Such adjustments are typically identified and recorded at the point of cash application, claim amount or account review.

Included in accounts receivable were earned but unbilled receivables of \$33 million as of September 30, 2025 and \$30 million as of December 31, 2024. Delays, ranging from a single day to several weeks, between the date of service and billing can occur due to delays in obtaining certain required payor-specific documentation from internal and external sources. Earned but unbilled receivables are aged from date of service and are considered in our analysis of historical performance and collectability.

Inventories. Inventories, which primarily include medical supplies to be sold to customers, are determined using the first-in, first-out or weighted-average cost method at the lower of cost or net realizable value. We periodically evaluate whether inventory valuation allowance adjustments are required. In our evaluation, we review for obsolete inventory and slow-moving inventory which includes consideration of recent sales trends. We write down inventories which are considered excess and obsolete as a result of these assessments within cost of net revenue. Shifts in market trends and conditions, as well as changes in customer or payor preferences and behavior could affect the value of our inventories.

Patient Service Equipment and Other Fixed Assets, Net. Patient service equipment consists of medical equipment rented to customers, primarily on a month-to-month basis, as well as equipment that may be sold. Patient service equipment depreciation expense is classified in our condensed consolidated statements of operations within cost of net revenue for equipment rented to customers. Other fixed assets, net are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization expense for financial reporting purposes is generally computed on a straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. In general, the estimated useful lives for computing depreciation are one to 10 years for patient service equipment, and up to 15 years for other fixed assets. Straight-line and

accelerated methods of depreciation are used for income tax purposes. Normal maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred, and renovations and betterments are capitalized. We suspend depreciation and amortization on assets that are held for sale.

Leases. We account for all of our lease arrangements, including for real estate, trucks, and patient service equipment, as operating leases. We enter into non-cancelable agreements to lease most of our office, branch and warehouse facilities with remaining terms generally ranging from one to six years. Certain building leases include renewal options which the exercise of is at our sole discretion. We generally do not include options to renew (or terminate) in our lease term, as part of our right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, as we generally do not have leases for which we believe we are reasonably certain to exercise those options. Leases with a term of 12 months or less are not recorded on the condensed consolidated balance sheets; we recognize lease expense for these leases on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The depreciable lives of right-of-use assets are limited by the expected lease term, unless there is a transfer of title or purchase option reasonably certain of exercise. Our lease agreements do not contain any material residual value guarantees or material restrictive covenants.

Right-of-use assets represent our right to use an underlying asset for the lease term and lease liabilities represent our obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. We elected the practical expedient to not separate lease and non-lease components for our leases. Operating lease assets and liabilities are recognized at commencement date based on the present value of unpaid lease payments over the lease term. As most of our leases do not provide an implicit rate, we use our incremental borrowing rate based on the information available at commencement date in determining the present value of lease payments. Our incremental borrowing rate is estimated to approximate the interest rate on a collateralized basis with similar terms and payments. We use the implicit rate when readily determinable. The right-of-use assets also include adjustments for any lease payments made and lease incentives received.

Goodwill. We account for acquired businesses using the acquisition method of accounting, which requires that the assets acquired and liabilities assumed be recorded at the date of acquisition at their respective fair values. Any excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair values of the net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill.

We evaluate goodwill for impairment annually, as of October 1, and if an event occurs or circumstances change that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of a reporting unit below its carrying amount. Qualitative factors are first assessed to determine if it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If it is determined that it is more likely than not the fair value does not exceed the carrying amount, then a quantitative test is performed.

Intangible Assets, Net. Intangible assets acquired through purchases or business combinations are stated at fair value at the acquisition date and net of accumulated amortization in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Intangible assets, consisting primarily of customer relationships, customer contracts and tradenames are amortized over their estimated useful lives. In determining the useful life of an intangible asset, we consider our historical experience in renewing or extending similar arrangements. Intangible assets are generally amortized over one to 15 years based on their pattern of economic benefit or on a straight-line basis. We suspend amortization on assets that are held for sale.

Computer Software. We develop and purchase software for internal use. Software development costs incurred during the application development stage are capitalized. Once the software has been installed and tested, and is ready for use, additional costs incurred in connection with the software are expensed as incurred. Capitalized computer software costs are amortized over the estimated useful life of the software, usually between three and 10 years. Capitalized computer software costs are included in other assets, net, in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Unamortized software at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 was \$15 million and \$26 million.

Long-Lived Asset Impairment Evaluation. Long-lived assets, which include patient service equipment, finite-lived intangible assets, right-of-use assets, unamortized software costs, and other fixed assets are evaluated for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of long-lived assets may not be recoverable. We assess long-lived assets for the potential impairments by comparing the carrying value of an asset, or group of related assets, to their estimated undiscounted future cash flows.

Self-Insurance Liabilities. We are self-insured for certain teammate healthcare, workers' compensation and automobile liability costs; however, we maintain insurance for individual losses exceeding certain limits. Liabilities are estimated for healthcare costs using current and historical claims data. Liabilities for workers' compensation and automobile liability claims are estimated using historical claims data and loss development factors. If the underlying facts and circumstances of existing claims change or the historical trends are not indicative of future trends, then we may be required to adjust the liability and related expense accordingly. Self-insurance liabilities are included in other current liabilities and other liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheets and were \$27 million at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

Revenue Recognition. Revenues are primarily recognized under fee-for-service arrangements for sales of supplies, equipment and other items we sell to customers and equipment we rent to customers. Revenue for sales of products, including equipment and supplies, is recognized when control of the promised goods is transferred to customers and is presented net of applicable sales taxes. Revenue generated from equipment that we rent to customers is primarily recognized as earned on a straight-line basis over the non-cancellable rental period, typically one month, and commences on delivery of the equipment to the customers.

Fee-for-service arrangement revenues are recorded only to the extent it is probable that a significant reversal will not occur in the future as amounts may include implicit price concessions under reimbursement arrangements with third-party payors, including private insurers under both commercial and Medicare Advantage plans, prepaid health plans, Medicare, Medicaid and customers. Revenue is recognized under a portfolio approach, as we expect that this approach would not differ materially from considering each contract or performance obligation separately. We use the expected value method in determining the variable consideration as part of determining the sales transaction price using historical reimbursement experience, historical sales returns, and other operating trends. Payment terms and conditions vary by contract. Sales of equipment and supplies inclusive of amounts recognized under capitation arrangements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 were \$528 million and \$1.5 billion and \$517 million and \$1.5 billion for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. Rental revenues inclusive of amounts recognized under capitation arrangements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 were \$169 million and \$510 million and \$170 million and \$508 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024.

Certain revenues are recognized under arrangements with third-party payors for which we stand ready to provide all necessary healthcare services to members for the period of the stand ready obligation which generally extends beyond one year. These agreements are generally referred to as capitation arrangements. Revenue is recognized over the month that the members are entitled to healthcare services using the monthly contractual rate for each covered member. The actual number of covered members may vary each month. Capitation payments are typically received in the month members are entitled to healthcare services. Revenue for these agreements amounted to \$61 million and \$182 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and \$60 million and \$178 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024.

The following table summarizes net revenue by product category:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Diabetes	\$ 201,372	\$ 202,761	\$ 579,788	\$ 577,112
Sleep therapy	185,799	177,153	549,280	519,427
Home respiratory therapy	107,256	108,968	325,388	327,463
Ostomy	53,274	50,555	154,666	142,181
Wound care	48,001	51,475	141,469	141,868
Urology	28,976	27,748	85,815	78,382
Other	72,586	68,186	216,659	198,656
Net revenue	<u>\$ 697,264</u>	<u>\$ 686,846</u>	<u>\$ 2,053,065</u>	<u>\$ 1,985,089</u>

The following table summarizes net revenue by payor type:

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Commercial payors ⁽¹⁾	\$ 560,826	\$ 559,319	\$ 1,655,182	\$ 1,612,359
Medicare	126,785	117,388	368,839	342,429
Medicaid	9,653	10,139	29,044	30,301
Net revenue	<u>\$ 697,264</u>	<u>\$ 686,846</u>	<u>\$ 2,053,065</u>	<u>\$ 1,985,089</u>

(1) Commercial payors includes revenue from Medicare Advantage plans.

Cost of Net Revenue. Cost of net revenue includes the cost of products sold, patient service equipment depreciation expense, and other costs which are primarily personnel costs related to the set-up and utilization of equipment. Cost of product sold includes non-cash expenses primarily for equipment converted from rental to sales in the amount of \$11 million and \$35 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and \$7.9 million and \$23 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024.

	Three Months Ended		Nine Months Ended	
	September 30,		September 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Cost of product sold	\$ 337,649	\$ 317,445	\$ 974,554	\$ 921,312
Patient service equipment depreciation	31,694	31,303	95,260	95,342
Other costs	5,724	6,327	17,210	21,046
Cost of net revenue	<u>\$ 375,067</u>	<u>\$ 355,075</u>	<u>\$ 1,087,024</u>	<u>\$ 1,037,700</u>

Selling, General and Administrative (SG&A) Expenses. SG&A expenses include compensation costs, expenses for selling and administrative functions, shipping and handling costs and certain depreciation and amortization expense.

Shipping and Handling. Shipping and handling costs are included in SG&A expenses in the condensed consolidated statements of operations and include costs to store, move, and prepare products for shipment, as well as costs to deliver products to customers. Shipping and handling costs totaled \$74 million and \$213 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and \$68 million and \$205 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024.

Share-Based Compensation. We account for share-based compensation to teammates at fair value and recognize the related expense primarily in SG&A expenses over the service period for awards expected to vest. The fair value of non-vested performance shares is dependent upon our assessment of the probability of achievement of financial targets for the performance period.

Income Taxes. We account for income taxes under the asset and liability method. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date. Valuation allowances are provided if it is more likely than not that a deferred tax asset will not be realized. When we have claimed tax benefits that may be challenged by a tax authority, an estimate of the effect of these uncertain tax positions is recorded. It is our policy to provide for uncertain tax positions and related interest and penalties based upon an assessment of whether a tax benefit is more likely than not to be sustained upon examination by tax authorities. To the extent that the tax outcome of these uncertain tax positions changes, based on our assessment, such changes in estimate may impact the income tax provision in the period in which such determination is made.

Fair Value Measurements. Fair value is determined based on assumptions that a market participant would use in pricing an asset or liability. The assumptions used are in accordance with a three-tier hierarchy, defined by GAAP, that draws a distinction between market participant assumptions based on (i) observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets (Level 1), (ii) inputs other than quoted prices in active markets that are observable either directly or indirectly (Level 2) and (iii) unobservable inputs that require the use of present value and other valuation techniques in the determination of fair value (Level 3).

The carrying amounts of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and accrued payroll and related liabilities reported in the condensed consolidated balance sheets approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The estimated fair value of our reporting unit determined during a quantitative review of goodwill utilizes unobservable inputs (Level 3). The fair value of debt is estimated based on quoted market prices or dealer quotes for the identical liability when traded as an asset in an active market (Level 1) or, if quoted market prices or dealer quotes are not available, on the borrowing rates currently available for loans with similar terms, credit ratings, and average remaining maturities (Level 2). See Note 8 for the fair value of debt. The fair value of our derivative contracts is determined based on the present value of expected future cash flows considering the risks involved, including non-performance risk, and using discount rates appropriate for the respective maturities. Observable Level 2 inputs are used to determine the present value of expected future cash flows. See Note 10 for the fair value of derivatives.

Our acquisitions may include contingent consideration as part of the purchase price. The fair value of contingent consideration is estimated as of the acquisition date and at the end of each subsequent reporting period based on the present value of the contingent payments to be made using a weighted probability of possible payments (Level 3). Subsequent changes in fair value are recorded as adjustments to acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization within the consolidated statements of operations.

Acquisition-Related Charges and Intangible Amortization. Acquisition-related charges consist primarily of one-time costs related to the terminated acquisition of Rotech Healthcare Holdings Inc. (Rotech), which consisted primarily of legal and professional fees. For the nine months ended September 30, 2025, we incurred \$22 million of acquisition-related costs. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, we incurred \$6.5 million and \$10 million of acquisition-related costs related to the expected acquisition of Rotech Healthcare Holdings Inc. (Rotech), which consisted primarily of legal and professional fees. Acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization also include amortization of intangible assets established during acquisition method of accounting for business combinations. These amounts are highly dependent on the size and frequency of acquisitions.

Transaction Breakage Fee. As previously disclosed, on July 22, 2024, we entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement) pursuant to which we agreed to acquire Rotech subject to the terms and conditions within the Merger Agreement. On June 3, 2025, the Company, Rotech and Hitchcock Merger Sub Inc. (Merger Sub) mutually agreed to terminate the Merger Agreement and entered into a mutual termination agreement (the Termination Agreement). In accordance with the terms of the Termination Agreement, we incurred and made a cash payment to Rotech of \$80 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2025.

Exit and Realignment Charges, Net. Exit and realignment charges, net consist of costs associated with optimizing our operations including significant changes to certain processes to increase net revenue and lower costs along with costs related to IT strategic initiatives and other strategic actions. These costs include, but are not limited to, professional fees, severance and other costs to streamline functions and processes. Costs associated with exit and realignment activities are recorded at their fair value when incurred. Liabilities are established at the cease-use date for remaining contractual obligations discounted using a credit-adjusted risk-free rate of interest. We evaluate these assumptions quarterly and adjust the liabilities accordingly. Severance benefits are generally recorded when payment is considered probable and reasonably estimable. These costs are not normal, cash operating expenses necessary for the Company to operate its business on an ongoing basis.

Note 2—Significant Concentration Risks

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, our two largest commercial payors represented approximately 23% and 14% of our net revenue, derived from multiple separately managed contracts. Revenue reimbursed under arrangements with Medicare and state Medicaid programs was approximately 19% of our net revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2025. The largest commercial payor recently notified us that it intends to terminate certain of our contracts with them. The terminated agreements reflected \$242 million or 12% of our net revenue, including \$173 million of capitation revenue, which represents nearly all of our capitation revenue, for the nine months ended September 30, 2025.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, three suppliers each contributed between 10% and 25% of our patient service equipment and supplies purchases collectively accounting for approximately 48% of our total purchases.

Note 3—Discontinued Operations and Assets Held-for-Sale

On February 28, 2025, we announced that we were actively engaged in discussions regarding the anticipated sale of our P&HS segment. On October 7, 2025, we entered into the Purchase Agreement by and among the Company, the Purchaser, and Purchaser Parent to sell the P&HS segment, for an aggregate of \$375 million in cash, subject to certain adjustments for cash, indebtedness, net working capital and transaction expenses. We will retain a 5% equity interest in the P&HS segment. The Purchaser will be required to pay us a termination fee under certain specified circumstances of \$9.4 million or \$19 million depending on the stage of regulatory approval and other criteria. The sale is subject to customary closing conditions, including the Hart Scott Rodino Act and other regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the first quarter of 2026.

In accordance with GAAP, the financial position and results of operations of the P&HS segment are presented as discontinued operations and assets held for sale and, as such, have been excluded from continuing operations for all periods presented. The P&HS segment was initially classified as discontinued operations and assets held for sale as of June 30, 2025. Accordingly, the results of operations from our P&HS segment are reported in the accompanying condensed consolidated statements of operations as “Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax” for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 and the related assets and liabilities are classified as held-for-sale as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 in the accompanying condensed consolidated balance sheets. We have allocated interest expense, net to discontinued operations as a ratio of net assets and total debt in accordance with ASC 205, *Presentation of Financial Statements*.

The remaining P&HS goodwill balance of \$106 million was fully impaired during the second quarter of 2025. Our sale process provided a basis for the fair value of the P&HS segment, which includes the Global Products reporting unit. We recognized a loss of \$123 million and \$772 million during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 in connection with the classification of the related assets and liabilities as held-for-sale, based on the estimated fair value, less costs to sell. The fair value of the P&HS segment was determined from information received during our sale process, including the Purchase Agreement. Subsequent changes in fair value will be recorded within discontinued operations and assets held for sale.

The following table summarizes the financial results of our discontinued operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net revenue	\$ 2,007,078	\$ 2,034,279	\$ 5,945,052	\$ 6,019,721
Cost of goods sold	1,818,935	1,806,343	5,349,578	5,327,723
Gross profit	188,143	227,936	595,474	691,998
Distribution, selling, and administrative expenses	186,885	206,523	596,240	616,005
Acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization	—	6,243	12,549	18,491
Exit and realignment charges, net	25,122	15,365	57,713	48,467
Goodwill impairment charge	—	—	106,389	—
Loss on classification to held for sale	122,500	—	771,640	—
Other operating expense, net	2,217	6,680	6,923	9,806
Operating loss	(148,581)	(6,875)	(955,980)	(771)
Interest expense, net	7,636	7,601	27,828	28,158
Other expense	269	270	799	928
Loss from discontinued operations before income taxes	(156,486)	(14,746)	(984,607)	(29,857)
Income tax (benefit) provision for discontinued operations	(11,817)	(715)	(33,530)	17,838
Loss from discontinued operations, net of taxes	\$ (144,669)	\$ (14,031)	\$ (951,077)	\$ (47,695)

[Table of Contents](#)

The assets and liabilities of the P&HS segment reflected on the condensed consolidated balance sheets at September 30, 2025, and December 31, 2024, are as follows:

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Assets held for sale - discontinued operations		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 13,329	\$ 21,810
Accounts receivable, net	383,581	471,971
Merchandise inventories	1,220,698	1,064,298
Intercompany receivable	160,000	—
Other current assets, net	111,808	67,275
Property and equipment, net	274,795	—
Operating lease assets	283,741	—
Intangible assets, net	76,775	—
Deferred tax assets	11,042	—
Valuation allowance on disposal group classified as held for sale	(771,640)	—
Current assets held for sale - discontinued operations	1,764,129	1,625,354
Property and equipment, net	—	260,064
Operating lease assets	—	228,699
Goodwill	—	103,140
Intangible assets, net	—	88,670
Deferred tax assets	—	6,726
Other noncurrent assets, net	—	43,894
Total assets held for sale - discontinued operations	\$ 1,764,129	\$ 2,356,547
Liabilities held for sale - discontinued operations		
Accounts payable	\$ 868,107	\$ 868,764
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	36,109	77,046
Current portion of long-term debt	7,694	2,683
Other current liabilities	118,504	82,400
Operating lease liabilities, current portion	297,505	50,003
Deferred tax liabilities	17,886	—
Current liabilities held for sale - discontinued operations	1,345,805	1,080,896
Long-term debt, excluding current portion	—	9,654
Operating lease liabilities, excluding current portion	—	196,746
Other liabilities	—	28,474
Deferred tax liabilities	—	3,020
Total liabilities held for sale - discontinued operations	\$ 1,345,805	\$ 1,318,790

Assets and liabilities held for sale as of September 30, 2025 are classified as current since we expect the divestiture to be completed within one year of the balance sheet date. As of December 31, 2024, the assets and liabilities held for sale are classified separately as current or noncurrent because the noncurrent assets and liabilities did not meet the criteria for current classification as of December 31, 2024. Merchandise inventories include \$110 million subject to lien with an individual supplier as of September 30, 2025.

Receivables Purchase Agreement

On March 14, 2023, we entered into the Receivables Purchase Agreement (RPA), pursuant to which accounts receivable with an aggregate outstanding amount not to exceed \$200 million are sold, on a limited-recourse basis, to the Purchaser (as defined therein) in exchange for cash. We account for these transactions as sales with the sold receivables removed from our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Under the RPA, we provide certain servicing and collection actions on behalf of the Purchaser; however, we do not maintain any beneficial interest in the accounts receivable sold. The RPA is separate and distinct from the Receivables Sale Program and the amendment as described below. As a result of the amendment described below, the RPA was not utilized in the nine months ended September 30, 2025.

Proceeds from the sale of accounts receivable are recorded as an increase to cash and cash equivalents and a reduction to current assets of discontinued operations, in the condensed consolidated balance sheets. Cash received from the sale of accounts receivable, net of payments made to the Purchaser, is reflected as cash provided by operating activities in the condensed consolidated statements of cash flows. The accounts receivable sold under the RPA were entirely accounts receivable of the P&HS segment. Total accounts receivable sold under the RPA were \$542 million and \$1.6 billion for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, we received net cash proceeds of \$538 million and \$1.6 billion from the sale of accounts receivable under the RPA and collected \$550 million and \$1.6 billion of the sold accounts receivable. The losses on sale of accounts receivable, inclusive of professional fees incurred to establish the agreement, recorded in other operating expense, net in the financial results from discontinued operations were \$3.6 million and \$11 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024.

Receivables Sale Program

On October 18, 2024, O&M Funding LLC and Owens & Minor Medical, LLC., each a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a Receivables Purchase Agreement (the Receivables Sale Program) with persons from time to time, as Purchasers, PNC Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, and PNC Capital Markets LLC, as Structuring Agent, pursuant to which accounts receivable with an aggregate outstanding amount not to exceed \$450 million are sold, on a limited-recourse basis, to the Purchasers in exchange for cash. The Receivables Sale Program amends and restates in its entirety, the Receivables Financing Agreement. Transactions under this agreement are accounted for as sales in accordance with ASC 860, Transfers and Servicing, with the sold receivables removed from our condensed consolidated balance sheets. Under the Receivables Sale Program, we provide certain servicing and collection actions on behalf of the Purchasers; however, we do not maintain any beneficial interest in the accounts receivable sold. Upon the completion of the sale of the P&HS segment the related accounts receivable will no longer be eligible for sale under the Receivables Sale Program as the program will not convey.

Proceeds from the sales of accounts receivable are recorded as an increase to cash and cash equivalents and a reduction to accounts receivable, net of allowances in the consolidated balance sheets. Cash received from the sales of accounts receivable is reflected in the change in accounts receivable within cash provided by operating activities in the consolidated statements of cash flows. The accounts receivable sold under the Receivables Sale Program were primarily accounts receivable of the P&HS segment. Total accounts receivable sold and net cash proceeds under the Receivables Sale program were \$466 million and \$1.3 billion during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, approximately \$373 million and \$1.0 billion of which were accounts receivable of the P&HS segment. We collected \$465 million and \$1.2 billion of the sold accounts receivable for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, approximately \$372 million and \$935 million of which were collections on accounts receivable of the P&HS segment. The losses on sales of accounts receivable were \$3.0 million and \$8.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, \$2.4 million and \$6.5 million of which relate to losses recorded in other operating expense, net in the financial results from discontinued operations.

As of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, there was a total of \$200 million and \$70 million of uncollected accounts receivable sold and removed from our condensed consolidated balance sheets under the Receivables Sale Program, \$160 million and \$56 million of which relate to the assets of discontinued operations and assets held for sale. As of September 30, 2025 the \$160 million of uncollected accounts receivable related to the assets of discontinued operations and assets held for sale is shown as an intercompany receivable within current assets of discontinued operations and assets held for sale with an equal amount reflected within other current liabilities in the condensed consolidated balance sheet.

[Table of Contents](#)

The following table provides significant non-cash operating, select operating and significant investing cash flow information for our discontinued operations and assets held for sale:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Operating Activities:				
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ (144,669)	\$ (14,031)	\$ (951,077)	\$ (47,695)
Significant non-cash adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash (used for) provided by operating activities:				
Goodwill impairment charge	—	—	106,389	—
Loss on classification to held for sale	122,500	—	771,640	—
Depreciation and amortization	—	17,229	34,664	59,679
Share-based compensation	2,509	2,159	8,205	7,327
Changes in select operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable, net	(24,023)	(4,168)	95,961	(43,211)
Inventories	3,846	2,307	(150,085)	(120,627)
Accounts payable	(137,985)	(38,154)	12,078	77,430
Investing Activities:				
Capital expenditures	\$ (12,272)	\$ (16,167)	\$ (39,190)	\$ (27,317)
Proceeds from sale of corporate headquarters	—	—	—	33,500

Note 4—Patient Service Equipment and Other Fixed Assets, Net

Patient service equipment and other fixed assets, net, consists of the following:

	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024
Patient service equipment	\$ 417,122	\$ 388,445
Building and leasehold improvements	15,881	23,955
Other fixed assets	29,713	20,628
Patient service equipment and other fixed assets, gross	462,716	433,028
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(202,987)	(183,745)
Patient service equipment and other fixed assets, net	\$ 259,729	\$ 249,283

Note 5—Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net

At September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, we had goodwill of \$1.2 billion, net of accumulated goodwill impairment of \$307 million.

Intangible assets, net subject to amortization, which excludes indefinite-lived intangible assets, at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 were as follows:

	September 30, 2025			December 31, 2024		
	Customer Relationships	Tradenames	Other Intangibles	Customer Relationships	Tradenames	Other Intangibles
Intangible assets, gross	\$ 132,300	\$ 143,000	\$ 38,000	\$ 132,300	\$ 143,000	\$ 38,000
Accumulated amortization	(52,604)	(67,420)	(27,582)	(24,326)	(56,437)	(22,481)
Intangible assets, net	\$ 79,696	\$ 75,580	\$ 10,418	\$ 107,974	\$ 86,563	\$ 15,519
Weighted average useful life	5 years	10 years	6 years	15 years	10 years	6 years

Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$29 million and \$44 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and \$8.4 million and \$33 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. The increase as compared to the prior year was driven by the remaining useful life for an intangible asset being modified

[Table of Contents](#)

as of June 30, 2025 as a result of a notice of a contract termination with a commercial Payor. The updated future intangible amortization is reflected in the table below.

As of September 30, 2025, based on the current carrying value of intangible assets subject to amortization and expected remaining useful life, estimated amortization expense were as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2025 (remainder)	\$ 29,228
2026	68,122
2027	13,872
2028	11,953
2029	11,953
Thereafter	30,566
Total future amortization	<u>\$ 165,694</u>

Note 6—Leases

The components of lease expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 were as follows:

	<u>Classification</u>	<u>Three Months Ended September 30,</u>	
		<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Operating lease cost	SG&A expenses	\$ 14,355	\$ 14,152
Short-term lease cost	SG&A expenses, Cost of net revenue	1,533	2,534
Variable lease cost	SG&A expenses, Cost of net revenue	6,236	6,310
Total lease cost		<u>\$ 22,124</u>	<u>\$ 22,996</u>

	<u>Classification</u>	<u>Nine Months Ended September 30,</u>	
		<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Operating lease cost	SG&A expenses	\$ 39,818	\$ 41,665
Short-term lease cost	SG&A expenses, Cost of net revenue	5,071	8,040
Variable lease cost	SG&A expenses, Cost of net revenue	18,406	18,767
Total lease cost		<u>\$ 63,295</u>	<u>\$ 68,472</u>

Variable lease cost consists primarily of taxes, insurance, and common area or other maintenance costs for our leased facilities and patient service equipment which are paid as incurred.

Supplemental balance sheet information as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 was as follows:

	<u>Classification</u>	<u>As of September 30,</u> <u>2025</u>	<u>As of December 31,</u> <u>2024</u>
Assets:			
Operating lease assets	Operating lease assets	\$ 119,093	\$ 126,928
Liabilities:			
Current operating leases	Other current liabilities	\$ 46,031	\$ 41,217
Noncurrent operating leases	Operating lease liabilities, excluding current portion	81,352	89,466
Total operating lease liabilities		<u>\$ 127,383</u>	<u>\$ 130,683</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

Other information related to leases for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 was as follows:

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024
<u>Supplemental cash flow information</u>		
Cash paid for amounts included in the measurement of lease liabilities:		
Operating cash flows from operating leases	\$ 40,741	\$ 41,604
Right-of-use assets obtained in exchange for new operating lease liabilities	\$ 23,968	\$ 24,508
<u>Weighted average remaining lease term (years)</u>		
Operating leases	3.2	3.7
<u>Weighted average discount rate</u>		
Operating leases	6.7 %	6.4 %

Maturities of operating lease liabilities as of September 30, 2025 were as follows:

2025 (remainder)	\$ 13,444
2026	50,593
2027	36,517
2028	23,642
2029	11,813
Thereafter	5,630
Total lease payments	141,639
Less: Interest	(14,256)
Present value of lease liabilities	<u>\$ 127,383</u>

Note 7—Exit and Realignment Charges, Net

We incur exit and realignment and other charges associated with optimizing our operations which include IT strategic initiatives and other strategic actions. These charges include professional fees, severance and other costs to streamline functions and enhance processes. These costs are not normal, cash operating expenses necessary for the Company to operate its business on an ongoing basis.

Exit and realignment charges, net were \$0.7 million and \$17 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and \$14 million and \$37 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. These charges were primarily related to strategic operational improvements to increase net revenue and lower costs as well as a provision to accounts receivable related to our Fusion5 business which is in the process of being wound down. We do not expect to incur material future costs relating to certain exit and realignment actions, which remain underway.

[Table of Contents](#)

The following table summarizes the activity related to exit and realignment cost accruals, which are generally classified as other current liabilities in our condensed consolidated balance sheets, through September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Total
Accrued exit and realignment costs, December 31, 2024	\$ 6,732
Provision for exit and realignment activities:	
Professional fees	6,176
IT strategic initiatives and other	304
Cash payments	(7,516)
Accrued exit and realignment costs, March 31, 2025	5,696
Provision for exit and realignment activities:	
Professional fees	1,916
IT strategic initiatives and other	192
Cash payments	(6,119)
Accrued exit and realignment costs, June 30, 2025	1,685
Provision for exit and realignment activities:	
Professional fees	111
IT strategic initiatives and other	437
Cash payments	(863)
Accrued exit and realignment costs, September 30, 2025	\$ 1,370
Accrued exit and realignment costs, December 31, 2023	\$ 3,109
Provision for exit and realignment activities:	
Professional fees	5,685
IT strategic initiatives and other	2,435
Cash payments	(2,463)
Accrued exit and realignment costs, March 31, 2024	8,766
Provision for exit and realignment activities:	
Professional fees	12,453
IT strategic initiatives and other	2,982
Cash payments	(3,600)
Accrued exit and realignment costs, June 30, 2024	20,601
Provision for exit and realignment activities:	
Professional fees	10,670
IT strategic initiatives and other	2,854
Cash payments	(16,842)
Accrued exit and realignment costs, September 30, 2024	\$ 17,283

In addition to the exit and realignment accruals in the preceding table, we also incurred \$0.1 million and \$7.7 million of costs that were expensed as incurred for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, which primarily related to wind-down costs of Fusion5.

Note 8—Debt

Debt, net of unamortized deferred financing costs, as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 consisted of the following:

	September 30, 2025		December 31, 2024	
	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value	Carrying Amount	Estimated Fair Value
Term Loan A	\$ 324,224	\$ 329,513	\$ 322,957	\$ 327,066
Revolving Credit Facility	270,700	270,700	—	—
4.500% Senior Notes, due March 2029	474,802	385,273	473,976	427,117
Term Loan B	501,835	511,000	499,871	518,665
6.625% Senior Notes, due April 2030	543,700	455,479	542,311	518,671
Other	—	—	2,144	2,144
Total debt	2,115,261	1,951,965	1,841,259	1,793,663
Less current maturities, including anticipated repayments	(280,000)	(280,000)	(42,866)	(42,866)
Long-term debt	\$ 1,835,261	\$ 1,671,965	\$ 1,798,393	\$ 1,750,797

On March 29, 2022, we entered into a Security Agreement Supplement pursuant to which the Security and Pledge Agreement (the Security Agreement), dated March 10, 2021 was supplemented to grant collateral on behalf of the holders of the 2024 Notes, and the parties secured under the credit agreements including first priority liens and security interests in (a) all present and future shares of capital stock owned by the Grantors (as defined in the Security Agreement) in the Grantors' present and future subsidiaries, subject to certain customary exceptions, and (b) all present and future personal property and assets of the Grantors, subject to certain exceptions.

On March 29, 2022, we entered into a term loan credit agreement with an administrative agent and collateral agent and a syndicate of financial institutions, as lenders (the Credit Agreement) that provides for two credit facilities: (i) a \$500 million Term Loan A facility (the Term Loan A), and (ii) a \$600 million Term Loan B facility (the Term Loan B). The interest rate on the Term Loan A is based on the sum of either Term SOFR or the Base Rate and an Applicable Rate which varies depending on the current Debt Ratings or Total Leverage Ratio, determined as to whichever shall result in more favorable pricing to the Borrowers (each as defined in the Credit Agreement). The interest rate on the Term Loan B is based on either the Term SOFR or the Base Rate plus an Applicable Rate. The Term Loan A will mature in March 2027 and the Term Loan B will mature in March 2029.

On March 10, 2021, we issued \$500 million of 4.500% senior unsecured notes due in March 2029 (the 2029 Unsecured Notes), with interest payable semi-annually. The 2029 Unsecured Notes were sold at 100% of the principal amount with an effective yield of 4.500%.

On March 29, 2022, we issued \$600 million of 6.625% senior unsecured notes due in April 2030 (the 2030 Unsecured Notes), with interest payable semi-annually. The 2030 Unsecured Notes were sold at 100% of the principal amount with an effective yield of 6.625%.

The 2029 Unsecured Notes and the 2030 Unsecured Notes are subordinated to any of our secured indebtedness, including indebtedness under our credit agreements.

On March 29, 2022, we entered into an amendment to our revolving credit agreement, dated as of March 10, 2021 with an administrative agent and collateral agent and a syndicate of financial institutions, as lenders (Revolving Credit Agreement). The amendment: (i) increased the aggregate revolving credit commitments under the Revolving Credit Agreement by \$150 million, to an aggregate amount of \$450 million and (ii) replaced the Eurocurrency Rate with the Adjusted Term SOFR Rate (each as defined in the Revolving Credit Agreement). The Revolving Credit Agreement matures in March 2027.

At September 30, 2025 we had \$271 million in outstanding borrowings on our Revolving Credit Agreement. At December 31, 2024 our Revolving Credit Agreement was undrawn. At September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, we

[Table of Contents](#)

had letters of credit, which reduce Revolver availability, totaling \$29 million and \$31 million, leaving \$150 million and \$419 million available for borrowing.

The Revolving Credit Agreement, the Credit Agreement, the 2029 Unsecured Notes and the 2030 Unsecured Notes contain cross-default provisions which could result in the acceleration of payments due in the event of default of any of the related agreements. The terms of the applicable credit agreements also require us to maintain ratios for leverage and interest coverage, including on a pro forma basis in the event of an acquisition or divestiture. We were in compliance with our debt covenants at September 30, 2025.

As of September 30, 2025, future principal payments due under our debt agreements or anticipated to be repaid within twelve months, were as follows:

<u>Year</u>	
2025 (remainder)	\$ —
2026	280,000
2027	316,950
2028	—
2029	989,654
2030	552,189

Current maturities at September 30, 2025 represent \$280 million in debt anticipated to be repaid within the next twelve months in connection with expected net cash proceeds related to the Purchase Agreement.

Note 9—Share-Based Compensation

We maintain a share-based compensation plan (the Plan) that is administered by the Our People & Culture Committee of the Board of Directors. The Plan allows us to award or grant to officers, directors and teammates incentive, non-qualified and deferred compensation stock options, stock appreciation rights (SARs), performance stock units and performance shares (collectively, Performance Stock Awards (PSAs)), restricted stock units and restricted stock (collectively, Restricted Stock Awards (RSAs)) and unrestricted stock. We use authorized and unissued common shares for grants of RSAs, SARs, PSAs or for stock option exercises. At September 30, 2025, approximately 2.2 million common shares were available for issuance under the Plan. We anticipate approximately 1.8 million unvested shares to be forfeited in connection with closing of the sale of the P&HS segment, which would increase the common shares available for issuance by this amount.

RSAs under the Plan generally vest over one, three or five years. PSAs under the Plan are issuable as restricted stock or common shares upon meeting performance goals and generally have a total performance and vesting period of three years. Under the 2018 Stock Incentive Plan, if outstanding equity awards are not assumed or substituted in connection with a change in control, unvested awards will vest in full upon the change in control. Under the 2023 Omnibus Incentive Plan, unless the individual award agreements provide otherwise, if the successor company assumes the awards, vesting of the award will be accelerated upon a subsequent termination of employment without cause or, if the teammate resigns for good reason, in each case, within 24 months following the change in control, with any performance-based awards deemed earned based on the target performance levels.

Share-based compensation (benefit) expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 was (\$0.1) million and \$9.2 million with recognized tax expense of less than \$0.1 million and benefits of \$2.4 million. Share-based compensation expense for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 was \$3.5 million and \$12.0 million with recognized tax benefits of \$0.9 million and \$3.1 million. For the three months ended September 30, 2025, we incurred a \$4.0 million benefit for changes in expected performance achievement associated with our 2023, 2024, and 2025 PSAs. Unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested RSAs, net of estimated forfeitures, was \$27 million at September 30, 2025. This amount is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 2.0 years, based on the maximum remaining vesting period required under the awards. Unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested PSAs as of September 30, 2025 was \$4.3 million and will be recognized primarily in 2025, 2026, and 2027 if the related performance targets are met at the current level expected.

The following table summarizes the activity and value of nonvested RSAs and PSAs for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Three Months Ended September 30,			
	2025		2024	
	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant-date Fair Value Per Share	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant-date Fair Value Per Share
Nonvested awards at beginning of period	3,670	\$ 12.78	2,074	\$ 21.63
Granted	—	—	55	14.30
Vested	(93)	18.39	(12)	25.02
Forfeited	(53)	14.69	(101)	20.84
Nonvested awards at end of period	<u>3,524</u>	<u>12.60</u>	<u>2,016</u>	<u>21.44</u>

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2025		2024	
	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant-date Fair Value Per Share	Number of Shares	Weighted Average Grant-date Fair Value Per Share
Nonvested awards at beginning of period	1,970	\$ 21.45	1,985	\$ 21.70
Granted	2,482	9.21	1,021	23.41
Vested	(652)	21.73	(671)	25.29
Forfeited	(276)	23.68	(319)	21.25
Nonvested awards at end of period	<u>3,524</u>	<u>12.60</u>	<u>2,016</u>	<u>21.44</u>

The total fair value of RSAs and PSAs vested during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 was \$1.7 million and \$14 million. The total fair value of RSAs and PSAs vested during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 was \$0.3 million and \$17 million.

Note 10—Derivatives

We are directly and indirectly affected by changes in interest rates, which may adversely impact our financial performance and are referred to as “market risks.” When deemed appropriate, we use derivatives as a risk management tool to mitigate the potential impact of certain market risks. We do not enter into derivative financial instruments for trading purposes.

We pay interest on our Credit Agreement which fluctuates based on changes in our benchmark interest rates. In order to mitigate the risk of increases in benchmark rates on our term loans, we entered into an interest rate swap agreement whereby we agree to exchange with the counterparty, at specified intervals, the difference between fixed and variable amounts calculated by reference to the notional amount. The interest rate swaps were designated as cash flow hedges. Cash flows related to the interest rate swap agreement are included in interest expense, net within discontinued operations, refer to Note 3.

We determine the fair value of our interest rate swaps based on observable market-based inputs or unobservable inputs that are corroborated by market data. We do not view the fair value of our derivatives in isolation, but rather in relation to the fair values or cash flows of the underlying exposure. All derivatives are carried at fair value in our condensed consolidated balance sheets. We consider the risk of counterparty default to be minimal. We report cash flows from our hedging instruments in the same cash flow statement category as the hedged items.

[Table of Contents](#)

The following table summarizes the terms and fair value of our outstanding cash flow hedges as of September 30, 2025:

	Notional Amount	Maturity Date	Derivative Assets		Derivative Liabilities	
			Classification	Fair Value	Classification	Fair Value
Interest rate swaps	\$ 250,000	March 2027	Other assets, net	\$ 2,001	Other liabilities	\$ —

The following table summarizes the terms and fair value of our outstanding cash flow hedges as of December 31, 2024:

	Notional Amount	Maturity Date	Derivative Assets		Derivative Liabilities	
			Classification	Fair Value	Classification	Fair Value
Interest rate swaps	\$ 300,000	March 2027	Other assets, net	\$ 6,113	Other liabilities	\$ —

The notional amount of the interest rate swaps represents the amount in effect at the end of the period. Based on contractual terms, the notional amount will decrease in increments of \$50 million on the last business day of March of each year until the maturity date.

The following table summarizes the effect of cash flow hedge accounting on our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025:

	Amount of Gain (Loss) Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		Location of Gain Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss into Income	Total Amount of Expense Line Items Presented in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations in Which the Effects are Recorded		Amount of Gain Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss into Net Loss	
	Three months ended	Nine months ended		Three months ended	Nine months ended	Three months ended	Nine months ended
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2025		September 30, 2025	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2025
Interest rate swaps	\$ 194	\$ (1,127)	Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ (144,669)	\$ (951,077)	\$ 946	\$ 2,986

The amount of ineffectiveness associated with these contracts was immaterial for the period presented.

The following table summarizes the effect of cash flow hedge accounting on our condensed consolidated statements of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024:

	Amount of (Loss) Gain Recognized in Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)		Location of Gain Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss into Income	Total Amount of Expense Line Items Presented in the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Operations in Which the Effects are Recorded		Amount of Gain Reclassified from Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss into Net Loss	
	Three months ended	Nine months ended		Three months ended	Nine months ended	Three months ended	Nine months ended
	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2024		September 30, 2024	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2024	September 30, 2024
Interest rate swaps	\$ (4,872)	\$ 1,283	Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ (14,031)	\$ (47,695)	\$ 1,757	\$ 6,280

The amount of ineffectiveness associated with these contracts was immaterial for the period presented.

Note 11—Income Taxes

The effective tax rate was (54.3)% and 0.8% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, compared to (31.6)% and 32.2% for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. The change in these rates were primarily from changes in results of continuing operations, including the tax treatment associated with the \$80 million transaction breakage incurred during the nine months ended September 30, 2025, as well as the impact of certain discrete tax items relative to pre-tax (loss) income.

The liability for unrecognized tax benefits was \$52 million and \$36 million at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. Substantially all of the \$16 million increase in the liability for unrecognized tax benefits was the result of the tax treatment associated with the \$80 million Rotech transaction breakage fee. Included in the liability at September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024 were no tax positions for which ultimate deductibility is highly certain but for which there is uncertainty about the timing of such deductibility.

On August 26, 2020, we received a Notice of Proposed Adjustment (NOPA) from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) regarding our 2015 and 2016 consolidated income tax returns. On June 30, 2021, we received a NOPA from the IRS regarding our 2017 and 2018 consolidated income tax returns. Within the NOPAs, the IRS has asserted that our taxable income for the aforementioned years should be higher based on their assessment of the appropriate amount of taxable income that we should report in the U.S. in connection with our sourcing of products by our foreign subsidiaries for sale in the U.S. by our domestic subsidiaries. The transfer pricing methodology was consistently applied for all years subject to the NOPAs and 2019 into 2022, but is no longer employed.

In June 2024, the IRS and the relevant foreign taxing authority mutually agreed to proposed adjustments to our 2015 through 2018 consolidated tax returns. As a result, we remeasured the uncertain tax position for the 2015 through 2018 tax years, as well as the affected 2019 through 2022 tax years, to the amount expected to be paid upon a final agreement with the IRS. In June 2025, we received the final assessment from the IRS for the 2015 through 2018 tax years including interest. The uncertain tax position for these years and related accrued interest has been remeasured to reflect the final amount to be paid. This matter does not impact our 2023, 2024 or future tax years. As of September 30, 2025, we owed \$37 million associated with the NOPA matter, which includes \$11 million of interest accrued on the matter through September 30, 2025. The balance sheet classification and amount owed may be subject to change depending on the timing of a final agreement with the IRS.

On July 4, 2025, The U.S. Congress passed budget reconciliation bill H.R. 1 referred to as the One Big Beautiful Bill (OB BB). The OB BB contains several changes to corporate taxation including modification to limitations on deductions for interest expense and accelerated fixed asset depreciation. We expect the legislation to decrease future U.S. cash taxes with no material impact to the effective tax rate.

Note 12—Net (Loss) Income per Common Share

The following summarizes the calculation of net (loss) income per common share attributable to common shareholders for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Nine Months Ended September 30,	
<i>(in thousands, except per share data)</i>	2025	2024	2025	2024
(Loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax	\$ (5,607)	\$ 1,261	\$ (93,239)	\$ (18,875)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(144,669)	(14,031)	(951,077)	(47,695)
Net loss	<u>\$ (150,276)</u>	<u>\$ (12,770)</u>	<u>\$ (1,044,316)</u>	<u>\$ (66,570)</u>
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic	77,288	77,090	77,069	76,657
Dilutive shares	—	1,386	—	—
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted	<u>77,288</u>	<u>78,476</u>	<u>77,069</u>	<u>76,657</u>
Basic loss per common share:				
(Loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.02	\$ (1.21)	\$ (0.25)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(1.87)	(0.19)	(12.34)	(0.62)
Net loss	<u>\$ (1.94)</u>	<u>\$ (0.17)</u>	<u>\$ (13.55)</u>	<u>\$ (0.87)</u>
Diluted loss per common share:				
(Loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax	\$ (0.07)	\$ 0.02	\$ (1.21)	\$ (0.25)
Loss from discontinued operations, net of tax	(1.87)	(0.18)	(12.34)	(0.62)
Net loss	<u>\$ (1.94)</u>	<u>\$ (0.16)</u>	<u>\$ (13.55)</u>	<u>\$ (0.87)</u>

Share-based awards for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 of approximately 2.3 million and 2.2 million and 1.5 million shares for the nine months ended September 30, 2024 were excluded from the calculation of diluted loss per common share as the effect would be anti-dilutive. In accordance with ASC 260, dilutive shares are included in computing the diluted loss per common share from discontinued operations, net of tax and net loss per diluted common share for the three months ended September 30, 2024 even though they were anti-dilutive, as the control number (income from continuing operations, net of tax) was in an income position.

Note 13—Shareholders Equity

On February 26, 2025, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program of up to \$100 million and expires February 2027. Under the program, we may repurchase shares of common stock on a discretionary basis from time to time through open market repurchases, privately negotiated transactions and 10b5-1 trading plans.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, we repurchased in open-market transactions and retired approximately 826 thousand shares of our common stock for an aggregate of \$6.6 million, or an average price per share of \$8.04.

Note 14—Accumulated Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income

The following table shows the changes in accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income by component for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Retirement Plans	Currency Translation Adjustments	Derivatives	Total
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, June 30, 2025	\$ (4,887)	\$ (27,369)	\$ 2,037	\$ (30,219)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	14	262	194	470
Income tax	(3)	—	(50)	(53)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of tax	11	262	144	417
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	120	—	(946)	(826)
Income tax	(31)	—	246	215
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	89	—	(700)	(611)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	100	262	(556)	(194)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, three months ended September 30, 2025	\$ (4,787)	\$ (27,107)	\$ 1,481	\$ (30,413)

[Table of Contents](#)

	Retirement Plans	Currency Translation Adjustments	Derivatives	Total
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, June 30, 2024	\$ (4,681)	\$ (51,522)	\$ 7,459	\$ (48,744)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	275	25,966	(4,872)	21,369
Income tax	(68)	—	1,267	1,199
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of tax	207	25,966	(3,605)	22,568
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	79	—	(1,757)	(1,678)
Income tax	(21)	—	457	436
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	58	—	(1,300)	(1,242)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	265	25,966	(4,905)	21,326
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, three months ended September 30, 2024	<u>\$ (4,416)</u>	<u>\$ (25,556)</u>	<u>\$ 2,554</u>	<u>\$ (27,418)</u>

	Retirement Plans	Currency Translation Adjustments	Derivatives	Total
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, December 31, 2024	\$ (5,770)	\$ (48,099)	\$ 4,525	\$ (49,344)
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications	966	20,992	(1,127)	20,831
Income tax	(250)	—	293	43
Other comprehensive income (loss) before reclassifications, net of tax	716	20,992	(834)	20,874
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	360	—	(2,986)	(2,626)
Income tax	(93)	—	776	683
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	267	—	(2,210)	(1,943)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	983	20,992	(3,044)	18,931
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, nine months ended September 30, 2025	<u>\$ (4,787)</u>	<u>\$ (27,107)</u>	<u>\$ 1,481</u>	<u>\$ (30,413)</u>

	Retirement Plans	Currency Translation Adjustments	Derivatives	Total
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, December 31, 2023	\$ (5,115)	\$ (32,954)	\$ 6,251	\$ (31,818)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications	694	7,398	1,283	9,375
Income tax	(173)	—	(334)	(507)
Other comprehensive income before reclassifications, net of tax	521	7,398	949	8,868
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	241	—	(6,280)	(6,039)
Income tax	(63)	—	1,634	1,571
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	178	—	(4,646)	(4,468)
Other comprehensive income (loss)	699	7,398	(3,697)	4,400
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income, nine months ended September 30, 2024	<u>\$ (4,416)</u>	<u>\$ (25,556)</u>	<u>\$ 2,554</u>	<u>\$ (27,418)</u>

We include amounts reclassified out of accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income related to defined benefit pension plans as a component of net periodic pension cost recorded in Other expense, net.

Note 15—Commitments, Contingent Liabilities, and Legal Proceedings

On June 3, 2025, the Company, Rotech and Merger Sub mutually agreed to terminate the Merger Agreement and entered into the Termination Agreement. In accordance with the terms of the Termination Agreement, the Company made a cash payment to Rotech of \$80 million on June 5, 2025. This payment fulfills the obligation as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Refer to our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 for disclosure of other material contractual obligations.

We are party to various legal claims that are ordinary and incidental to our business, including ones related to commercial disputes, employment, personal injury, product liability, regulatory, workers' compensation, and other matters. We maintain insurance coverage for employment, product liability, workers' compensation and other personal injury litigation matters, subject to policy limits, applicable deductibles and insurer solvency. We establish reserves from time to time based upon periodic assessment of the potential outcomes of pending matters.

Based on current knowledge and the advice of counsel, we believe that the accrual as of September 30, 2025 for currently pending matters considered probable of loss, is sufficient. In addition, we believe that other currently pending matters are not reasonably possible to result in a material loss, as payment of the amounts claimed is remote, the claims are immaterial, individually and in the aggregate, or the claims are expected to be adequately covered by insurance, subject to policy limits, applicable deductibles, exclusions and insurer solvency.

Note 16—Segment Information

As described in Note 1, the P&HS segment has met the accounting requirements to be classified as discontinued operations and held for sale at September 30, 2025, and we no longer report the P&HS segment. The P&HS segment was initially classified as discontinued operations and assets held for sale as of June 30, 2025. Our President, Chief Executive Officer & Director is the chief operating decision maker (CODM). The CODM reviews financial information about the continuing operations business at an enterprise-wide consolidated level when allocating resources and assessing business performance. Accordingly, we have determined that our business activities comprise a single operating and reporting segment. Net income (loss) from continuing operations is the profit or loss measure used by the CODM that is most consistent with GAAP and therefore is the required measure of profitability.

Note 17—Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2023, the FASB Issued ASU 2023-09, Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures, which will require additional annual income tax disclosures, including disclosure of reconciling items by jurisdiction and nature to the extent those items exceed a specified threshold. In addition, this ASU will require disclosure of income taxes paid, net of refunds received disaggregated by federal, state, and foreign and by jurisdiction if the amount is more than 5% of total income tax payments, net of refunds received. The amendments in this ASU are effective for us in annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. The amendments in this ASU are required to be applied on a prospective basis and retrospective adoption is permitted. We expect this ASU to only impact our disclosures with no impacts to our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

In November 2024, the FASB issued ASU No. 2024-03, Income Statement – Reporting Comprehensive Income – Expense disaggregation Disclosures (Subtopic 220-40): Disaggregation of Income Statement Expenses which will require additional disclosures about a public business entity's expenses and address requests from investors for more detailed information about the types of expenses in commonly presented expense captions. The amendments in this ASU are effective for us in annual periods beginning after December 15, 2026. The amendments in this ASU are required to be applied on a prospective basis and retrospective adoption is permitted. We expect this ASU to only impact our disclosures with no impacts to our results of operations, financial condition and cash flows.

In July 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-05, Financial Instruments – Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses for Accounts Receivable and Contract Assets, which provides a practical expedient permitting the

assumption that conditions at the balance sheet date remain unchanged over the life of the asset when estimating expected credit losses for current accounts receivable and current contract assets. The amendments in this ASU are effective for us in annual and interim periods beginning after December 15, 2025. We do not expect this ASU to have a material impact on our consolidated financial statements.

In September 2025, the FASB issued ASU 2025-06, Intangibles—Goodwill and Other—Internal-Use Software (Subtopic 350-40): Targeted Improvements to the Accounting for Internal-Use Software, which will require capitalization of software costs when management has authorized and committed to funding software projects and it is probable that the project will be completed and the software will be used to perform the function intended. The amendments in this ASU are effective for us in annual periods beginning after December 15, 2027. The amendments in this ASU are required to be applied on a prospective basis and retrospective adoption is permitted. We are currently evaluating the effects of adopting this guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

Note 18—Subsequent Events

On October 7, 2025, we entered into the Purchase Agreement by and among the Company, the Purchaser, and Purchaser Parent to sell the P&HS segment, for an aggregate of \$375 million in cash, subject to certain adjustments for cash, indebtedness, net working capital and transaction expenses. We will retain a 5% equity interest in the P&HS segment. The Purchaser will be required to pay us a termination fee under certain specified circumstances of \$9.4 million or \$19 million depending on the stage of regulatory approval and other criteria. The sale is subject to customary closing conditions, including the Hart Scott Rodino Act and other regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the first quarter of 2026.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The following discussion and analysis describes results of operations and material changes in the financial condition of Owens & Minor, Inc. and its subsidiaries since December 31, 2024 on a continuing operations basis unless otherwise noted. Trends of a material nature are discussed to the extent known and considered relevant. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements, related notes thereto, and management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations included in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024.

Overview

Owens & Minor, Inc., along with its subsidiaries, (the Company, we, us, or our) is a leading provider of integrated equipment, supplies, and related services supporting home-based care in the United States. As discussed within Note 1 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, our business activities comprise a single operating and reporting segment.

Net (loss) income from continuing operations per common share was (\$0.07) for the three months ended September 30, 2025 as compared to \$0.02 for the three months ended September 30, 2024. Our financial results for the three months ended September 30, 2025 as compared to the comparable prior year period were impacted by an increase in intangible amortization of \$21 million and an increase in costs of net revenue of \$20 million, partially offset by a decrease in exit and realignment costs of \$13 million, an increase in net revenue of \$10 million, and a decrease in acquisition-related costs of \$6.5 million.

Net loss from continuing operations per common share was (\$1.21) for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 as compared to (\$0.25) for the nine months ended September 30, 2024. Our financial results for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 as compared to the comparable prior year period were impacted by the transaction breakage fee of \$80 million, transaction financing fees, net of \$18 million, and an increase in acquisition-related costs of \$12 million related to the terminated acquisition of Rotech, as well as an increase in costs of net revenue of \$49 million, and an increase in intangible amortization of \$12 million, partially offset by an increase in net revenue of \$68 million, a decrease in exit and realignment costs of \$20 million, and a decrease in selling, general and administration expenses of \$16 million.

Refer to "Results of Operations" for further detail of quantitative and qualitative drivers of our results.

Purchase Agreement to Sell the Products & Healthcare Services Segment

On February 28, 2025, we announced that we were actively engaged in discussions regarding the sale of our Products & Healthcare Services (P&HS) segment. On October 7, 2025, we entered into the Purchase Agreement by and among the Company, the Purchaser, and Purchaser Parent to sell the P&HS segment, for an aggregate of \$375 million in cash, subject to certain adjustments for cash, indebtedness, net working capital and transaction expenses. We will retain a 5% equity interest in the P&HS segment. The Purchaser will be required to pay us a termination fee under certain specified circumstances of \$9.4 million or \$19 million depending on the stage of regulatory approval and other criteria. The sale is subject to customary closing conditions, including the Hart Scott Rodino Act and other regulatory approvals, and is expected to close in the first quarter of 2026. We remain committed to serving our P&HS segment customers through the closing of the sale.

The P&HS segment was initially classified as discontinued operations and assets held for sale as of June 30, 2025. In accordance with GAAP, the financial position and results of operations of the P&HS segment are presented as discontinued operations and, as such, have been excluded from continuing operations for all periods presented. See Note 3 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding discontinued operations and assets held for sale.

Termination of Acquisition of Rotech

As previously disclosed, on July 22, 2024, we entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the Merger Agreement) pursuant to which we agreed to acquire Rotech subject to the terms and conditions within the Merger Agreement. On June 3, 2025, the Company, Rotech and Merger Sub mutually agreed to terminate the Merger Agreement and entered into a mutual termination agreement (the Termination Agreement). In accordance with the terms of the Termination Agreement, on June 5, 2025, we made a cash payment to Rotech of \$80 million.

Notice of Contract Termination with a Commercial Payor

A commercial Payor, with which we have multiple separately managed contracts, recently notified us that it intends to terminate certain of our contracts with them. As a result of this notice of termination, we expect net neutral impacts to our financial results through the end of 2025, as the transitions of agreements and services are expected to start late in the fourth quarter of 2025. While such transitions of agreements and services are expected to continue throughout the first half of 2026, the specific timing of when these contracts will wind down is highly dependent on the Payor's successor provider's ability to successfully transition customers among other factors. The terminated contracts reflected \$242 million or 12% of our net revenue, including \$173 million of capitation revenue, which represents nearly all of our capitation revenue, for the nine months ended September 30, 2025.

Results of Operations

Net revenue.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
Diabetes	\$ 201,372	\$ 202,761	\$ (1,389)	(0.7)%
Sleep therapy	185,799	177,153	8,646	4.9 %
Home respiratory therapy	107,256	108,968	(1,712)	(1.6)%
Ostomy	53,274	50,555	2,719	5.4 %
Wound care	48,001	51,475	(3,474)	(6.7)%
Urology	28,976	27,748	1,228	4.4 %
Other	72,586	68,186	4,400	6.5 %
Net revenue	<u>\$ 697,264</u>	<u>\$ 686,846</u>	<u>\$ 10,418</u>	1.5 %

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
Diabetes	\$ 579,788	\$ 577,112	\$ 2,676	0.5 %
Sleep therapy	549,280	519,427	29,853	5.7 %
Home respiratory therapy	325,388	327,463	(2,075)	(0.6)%
Ostomy	154,666	142,181	12,485	8.8 %
Wound care	141,469	141,868	(399)	(0.3)%
Urology	85,815	78,382	7,433	9.5 %
Other	216,659	198,656	18,003	9.1 %
Net revenue	<u>\$ 2,053,065</u>	<u>\$ 1,985,089</u>	<u>\$ 67,976</u>	3.4 %

The increase in net revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 was driven by sales growth in several product categories, including sleep therapy, ostomy and urology. The growth in these categories includes the benefits from certain successful sales activities including our *Sleep Journey Initiative*. Diabetes revenue growth has been hindered by market shifts of diabetes business away from our primary distribution channel.

Cost of net revenue.

	Three Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,			
	2025	2024	\$	%
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>				
Cost of products sold	\$ 337,649	\$ 317,445	\$ 20,204	6.4 %
Patient service equipment depreciation	31,694	31,303	391	1.2 %
Other costs	5,724	6,327	(603)	(9.5)%
Cost of net revenue	<u>\$ 375,067</u>	<u>\$ 355,075</u>	<u>\$ 19,992</u>	5.6 %

	Nine Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,			
	2025	2024	\$	%
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>				
Cost of products sold	\$ 974,554	\$ 921,312	\$ 53,242	5.8 %
Patient service equipment depreciation	95,260	95,342	(82)	(0.1)%
Other costs	17,210	21,046	(3,836)	(18.2)%
Cost of net revenue	<u>\$ 1,087,024</u>	<u>\$ 1,037,700</u>	<u>\$ 49,324</u>	4.8 %

The increase in cost of net revenue for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 reflects the increased cost associated with sales volume growth of 3.7% and 4.1% and manufacturer prices increases.

Operating expenses.

	Three Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,			
	2025	2024	\$	%
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>				
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 265,838	\$ 272,322	\$ (6,484)	(2.4)%
As a % of net revenue	38.13 %	39.65 %		
Acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization	\$ 29,229	\$ 14,855	\$ 14,374	96.8 %
Exit and realignment charges, net	\$ 660	\$ 13,515	\$ (12,855)	(95.1)%

	Nine Months Ended		Change	
	September 30,			
	2025	2024	\$	%
<i>(Dollars in thousands)</i>				
Selling, general and administrative expenses	\$ 796,061	\$ 812,453	\$ (16,392)	(2.0)%
As a % of net revenue	38.77 %	40.93 %		
Transaction breakage fee	\$ 80,000	\$ —	\$ 80,000	NM %
Acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization	\$ 66,603	\$ 42,905	\$ 23,698	55.2 %
Exit and realignment charges, net	\$ 16,826	\$ 37,062	\$ (20,236)	(54.6)%

NM - Not meaningful

The decrease in selling, general and administrative expenses (SG&A) expenses for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 were primarily from a \$4.0 million benefit associated with updated expected achievement for our performance share awards, a reduction in teammate incentive expense of \$0.8 million and \$10 million, operating efficiencies in our revenue cycle and information technology, partially offset by healthcare expense increases of \$3.7 million and \$7.6 million, inflationary increases and the cost to service the revenue growth of \$10 million and \$68 million, respectively.

Transaction breakage fee represents a cash payment to Rotech of \$80 million made on June 5, 2025 for the termination of the Rotech acquisition.

Acquisition-related charges were \$22 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2025, and \$6.5 million and \$10 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024, consisting of costs for the terminated acquisition of Rotech, which related primarily to legal and professional fees. Intangible amortization was \$29 million and \$44 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and \$8.4 million and \$33 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 relating to intangible assets acquired in the Apria and Byram acquisitions.

[Table of Contents](#)

The increase was due to the remaining useful life for an intangible asset being modified as of June 30, 2025 as a result of a notice of a contract termination with a commercial Payor. See Note 5 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information regarding intangible amortization.

Exit and realignment charges, net were \$0.7 million and \$17 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025. These charges included professional fees associated with strategic initiatives of \$0.1 million and \$8.2 million and IT strategic initiatives of \$0.4 million and \$0.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025. For the nine months ended September 30, 2025 exit and realignment charges, net also included \$6.8 million related to wind-down costs of Fusion5. Exit and realignment charges, net were \$14 million and \$37 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. These charges included professional fees associated with strategic initiatives of \$11 million and \$29 million and IT strategic initiatives of \$2.9 million and \$8.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024.

Non-operating expenses.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
Interest expense, net	\$ 29,029	\$ 28,953	\$ 76	0.3 %
Effective interest rate	6.89 %	7.12 %		
Other expense, net	\$ 1,076	\$ 1,168	\$ (92)	(7.9)%

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
Interest expense, net	\$ 79,252	\$ 79,949	\$ (697)	(0.9)%
Effective interest rate	6.97 %	7.14 %		
Transaction financing fees, net	\$ 18,288	\$ —	\$ 18,288	NM %
Other expense, net	\$ 2,993	\$ 2,869	\$ 124	4.3 %
NM - Not meaningful				

Interest expense, net for the three months ended September 30, 2025 increased due to a reduction in interest income of \$1.9 million, partially offset by lower average outstanding borrowings of \$48 million and a 23 basis point decline in our effective interest rate as compared to the three months ended September 30, 2024. Interest expense, net, for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 decreased due to a decrease in the effective interest rate of 17 basis points and lower average outstanding borrowings of \$92 million, partially offset by a decrease in interest income of \$6.6 million as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2024. See Note 8 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Transaction financing fees, net for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 consisted of debt financing fees associated with the terminated acquisition of Rotech, including \$12 million of costs, net of income on the related cash held in escrow, on the financing issued in connection with previously expected Rotech acquisition and \$6.7 million in recognition of related previously deferred debt issuance costs.

Other expense, net for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 includes interest cost and net actuarial losses related to our U.S. retirement plan.

Income taxes.

	Three Months Ended September 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
Income tax provision (benefit)	\$ 1,972	\$ (303)	\$ 2,275	750.8 %
Effective tax rate	(54.3)%	(31.6)%		

	Nine Months Ended September 30,		Change	
	2025	2024	\$	%
(Dollars in thousands)				
Income tax benefit	\$ (743)	\$ (8,974)	\$ 8,231	91.7 %
Effective tax rate	0.8 %	32.2 %		

The change in these rates were primarily from changes in results of operations as well as the impact of certain discrete tax items relative to pre-tax (loss) income. The change for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 also includes the tax treatment associated with the \$80 million transaction breakage fee.

Adjusted EBITDA

We use Adjusted EBITDA, a financial measure that is not in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, to analyze our financial results and as one of our incentive metrics. In general, non-GAAP measures exclude items and charges that (i) management does not believe reflect the Company's core business and relate more to strategic, multi-year corporate activities; or (ii) relate to activities or actions that may have occurred over multiple or in prior periods without predictable trends.

We believe Adjusted EBITDA is useful to investors as a supplemental metric to assist readers in assessing our financial performance and in comparing the Company's performance to that of its competitors. However, this non-GAAP measure used by the Company may be calculated differently from, and therefore may not be comparable to, similarly titled measures used by other companies.

Adjusted EBITDA disclosed by the Company should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, and financial results calculated in accordance with GAAP and this reconciliation to those financial statements set forth below should be carefully evaluated.

The following tables present the reconciliations of (loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax to Adjusted EBITDA for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024
(Loss) income from continuing operations, net of tax, as reported (GAAP)	\$ (5,607)	\$ 1,261
Income tax provision (benefit)	1,972	(303)
Interest expense, net	29,029	28,953
Acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization ⁽¹⁾	29,229	14,855
Exit and realignment charges, net ⁽³⁾	660	13,515
Litigation and related charges ⁽⁵⁾	1,765	9,984
Other depreciation and amortization ⁽⁷⁾	34,870	35,356
Stock compensation ⁽⁸⁾	(168)	3,310
Other ⁽⁶⁾	424	741
Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	\$ 92,174	\$ 107,672

[Table of Contents](#)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024
Loss from continuing operations, net of tax, as reported (GAAP)	\$ (93,239)	\$ (18,875)
Income tax benefit	(743)	(8,974)
Interest expense, net	79,252	79,949
Acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization ⁽¹⁾	66,603	42,905
Transaction breakage fee ⁽²⁾	80,000	—
Exit and realignment charges, net ⁽³⁾	16,826	37,062
Transaction financing fees, net ⁽⁴⁾	18,288	—
Litigation and related charges ⁽⁵⁾	2,156	16,662
Other depreciation and amortization ⁽⁷⁾	105,628	106,586
Stock compensation ⁽⁸⁾	8,784	11,053
Other ⁽⁶⁾	1,272	1,602
Adjusted EBITDA (non-GAAP)	<u>\$ 284,827</u>	<u>\$ 267,970</u>

The following items have been excluded in our non-GAAP financial measure:

⁽¹⁾ Acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 includes \$22 million of acquisition-related costs related to the terminated acquisition of Rotech, which consisted primarily of legal and professional fees. Acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024 includes \$6.5 million and \$10 million of acquisition-related costs related to the terminated acquisition of Rotech, which consisted primarily of legal and professional fees. Acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization also includes amortization of intangible assets established during acquisition method of accounting for business combinations. Acquisition-related charges consist primarily of one-time costs related to acquisitions, including transaction costs necessary to consummate acquisitions, which consist of investment banking advisory fees and legal fees, director and officer tail insurance expense, as well as transition costs, such as severance and retention bonuses, IT integration costs and professional fees. These amounts are highly dependent on the size and frequency of acquisitions and are being excluded to allow for a more consistent comparison with forecasted, current and historical results.

⁽²⁾ Transaction breakage fee represents a cash payment to Rotech of \$80 million made on June 5, 2025, for the termination of the Rotech Acquisition.

⁽³⁾ During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 exit and realignment charges, net were \$0.7 million and \$17 million. These charges included professional fees associated with strategic initiatives of \$0.1 million and \$8.2 million and IT strategic initiatives of \$0.4 million and \$0.9 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025. During the nine months ended September 30, 2025 exit and realignment charges, net also included \$6.8 million related to wind-down costs of Fusion5. Exit and realignment charges, net were \$14 million and \$37 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. These charges included professional fees associated with strategic initiatives of \$11 million and \$29 million and IT strategic initiatives of \$2.9 million and \$8.3 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2024. These costs are not normal recurring, cash operating expenses necessary for the Company to operate its business on an ongoing basis.

⁽⁴⁾ Transaction financing fees, net includes \$12 million, net of income on the related cash held in escrow, on the financing issued in connection with previously expected Rotech acquisition and \$6.7 million in recognition of related previously deferred debt issuance costs.

⁽⁵⁾ Litigation and related charges includes settlement costs and related charges of certain legal matters. These costs do not occur in the ordinary course of our business, are inherently unpredictable in timing and amount.

⁽⁶⁾ For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, other includes interest costs and net actuarial losses related to our frozen noncontributory, unfunded retirement plan for certain retirees in the United States (U.S.).

(7) Other depreciation and amortization relates to patient service equipment and other fixed assets, excluding such amounts captured within exit and realignment charges, net or acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization.

(8) Stock compensation includes share-based compensation expense related to our share-based compensation plans, excluding such amounts captured within exit and realignment charges, net or acquisition-related charges and intangible amortization. For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025 stock compensation includes a \$4.0 million benefit associated with updated expected achievement for our performance share awards.

Financial Condition, Liquidity and Capital Resources

Financial condition. We monitor operating working capital through days sales outstanding (DSO) and inventory days. We estimate a hypothetical increase (decrease) in DSO of one day would result in a decrease (increase) in our cash balances, an increase (decrease) in borrowings against our Revolving Credit Agreement, or a combination thereof of approximately \$7.6 million.

The majority of our cash and cash equivalents are held in cash depository accounts with major banks in the U.S. Changes in our working capital can vary in the normal course of business based upon the timing of inventory purchases, collections of accounts receivable and payments to suppliers.

(Dollars in thousands)	September 30, 2025	December 31, 2024	Change	
			\$	%
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 32,837	\$ 27,572	\$ 5,265	19.1 %
Accounts receivable	\$ 202,731	\$ 218,270	\$ (15,539)	(7.1)%
DSO ⁽¹⁾	26.7	28.9		
Inventories	\$ 63,847	\$ 67,581	\$ (3,734)	(5.5)%
Inventory days ⁽²⁾	15.7	17.2		
Accounts payable	\$ 339,728	\$ 359,927	\$ (20,199)	(5.6)%

(1) Based on period end accounts receivable and net revenue for the quarters ended September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024. Excluding the impact of the Receivables Sale Program, DSO would have been 32.0 and 30.7 as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

(2) Based on period end inventories and cost of net revenue for the quarters ended September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

Liquidity and capital expenditures. The following table summarizes our condensed consolidated statements of cash flows for the nine months ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

(Dollars in thousands)	Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2025	2024
Net cash (used for) provided by:		
Operating activities	\$ (169,976)	\$ 90,494
Investing activities	(140,581)	(64,229)
Financing activities	305,574	(224,507)
Effect of exchange rate changes	1,767	408
Net decrease in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash	\$ (3,216)	\$ (197,834)

Cash used for operating activities in the first nine months of 2025 reflected a net loss including the impact of the \$80 million termination fee of the Rotech acquisition, \$18 million in transaction financing fees, net for the Rotech acquisition financing, \$22 million in legal settlement payments for two litigation matters, and unfavorable changes in working capital, including a \$150 million increase in P&HS segment inventory, partially offset by a \$130 million benefit from accounts receivables sold under the Receivables Sale Program, \$104 million of which relates to accounts receivables sold of the P&HS segment. Cash provided by operating activities in the first nine months of 2024 reflected

unfavorable changes in working capital, including a \$121 million unfavorable change in the P&HS segment inventory, partially offset by a \$77 million favorable change in P&HS segment accounts payable.

Cash used for investing activities in the first nine months of 2025 included capital expenditures of \$192 million, including \$144 million of patient service equipment, and our strategic and operational efficiency initiatives associated with other fixed assets and capitalized software, partially offset by \$53 million in proceeds from the regular sale of patient service equipment and other fixed assets. Cash used for investing activities in the first nine months of 2024 included capital expenditures of \$157 million, primarily for the patient service equipment, other fixed assets and capitalized software, partially offset by \$85 million in regular proceeds from sales of patient service equipment and other fixed assets which included \$34 million in gross proceeds related to the sale of our corporate headquarters, and \$17 million included in the 'other, net' line item for settlement with Philips for returned equipment.

Cash provided by financing activities in the first nine months of 2025 included net borrowings of \$271 million under our Revolving Credit Facility. Cash used for financing activities in the first nine months of 2024 included repayments of debt of \$211 million, including \$171 million paid to redeem the 4.375% seniors notes that were due in December 2024, and \$20 million of unscheduled and \$20 million of scheduled repayments on term loans. We had no borrowings under our Revolving Credit Facility for the first nine months of 2024 and the activity under our amended Receivables Financing Agreement netted to no impact on our outstanding borrowings. A bank administrative error by our agent bank on September 30, 2025 resulted in a bank overdraft of \$47 million, which is reflected in Other, net. This matter was resolved the following business day. Payments for taxes related to the vesting of restricted stock awards, which are included in Other, net, were \$8.1 million for the first nine months of 2024.

Refer to Note 3 to the Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements for the operating and investing cash flow information for our discontinued operations and assets held for sale.

Capital Resources. Our primary sources of liquidity include cash and cash equivalents, Receivables Sale Program, and our Revolving Credit Agreement.

On October 18, 2024, O&M Funding LLC and Owens & Minor Medical, LLC., each a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company, entered into a Receivables Purchase Agreement (the Receivables Sale Program) with persons from time to time, as Purchasers, PNC Bank, National Association, as Administrative Agent, and PNC Capital Markets LLC, as Structuring Agent, pursuant to which accounts receivable with an aggregate outstanding amount not to exceed \$450 million are sold, on a limited-recourse basis, to the Purchasers in exchange for cash. The Receivables Sale Program amends and restates in its entirety, the Receivables Financing Agreement. Transactions under this agreement are accounted for as sales in accordance with ASC 860, Transfers and Servicing, with the sold receivables removed from our condensed consolidated balance sheets. The accounts receivable sold under the Receivables Sale Program were primarily accounts receivable of the P&HS segment. Total accounts receivable sold and net cash proceeds under the Receivables Sale program were \$466 million and \$1.3 billion during the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, approximately \$373 million and \$1.0 billion of which were accounts receivable of the P&HS segment. We collected \$465 million and \$1.2 billion of the sold accounts receivable for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, approximately \$372 million and \$935 million of which were collections on accounts receivable of the P&HS segment. The losses on sales of accounts receivable were \$3.0 million and \$8.2 million for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2025, \$2.4 million and \$6.5 million of which relate to losses recorded in other operating expense, net in the financial results from discontinued operations.

The Revolving Credit Agreement provides a revolving borrowing capacity of \$450 million. We have \$837 million in outstanding term loans under a term loan credit agreement (the Credit Agreement). The interest rate on our Revolving Credit Agreement is based on a spread over a benchmark rate (as described in the Revolving Credit Agreement). The Revolving Credit Agreement matures in March 2027. The interest rate on the Term Loan A is based on either the Term SOFR or the Base Rate plus an Applicable Rate which varies depending on the current Debt Ratings or Total Leverage Ratio, determined as to whichever shall result in more favorable pricing to the Borrowers (each as defined in the Credit Agreement). The interest rate on the Term Loan B is based on either the Term SOFR or the Base Rate plus an Applicable Rate. The Term Loan A matures in March 2027 and the Term Loan B matures in March 2029.

[Table of Contents](#)

At September 30, 2025, we had \$271 million in outstanding borrowings on our Revolving Credit Agreement. At December 31, 2024, our Revolving Credit Agreement was undrawn. At September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024, we had letters of credit, which reduce Revolver availability, totaling \$29 million and \$31 million, leaving \$150 million and \$419 million available for borrowing. We also had letters of credit and bank guarantees which support certain leased facilities as well as other normal business activities within our P&HS segment, which is classified as held-for-sale as of September 30, 2025, in the United States and Europe that were issued outside of the Revolving Credit Agreement for \$3.5 million and \$2.9 million as of September 30, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

The Revolving Credit Agreement, the Credit Agreement, the Receivables Sale Program, the 2029 Unsecured Notes, and the 2030 Unsecured Notes contain cross-default provisions which could result in the acceleration of payments due in the event of default of any of the related agreements. The terms of the applicable credit agreements also require us to maintain ratios for leverage and interest coverage, including on a pro forma basis in the event of an acquisition or divestiture. We were in compliance with our debt covenants at September 30, 2025.

On April 4, 2025, we completed the sale of \$1.0 billion aggregate principal amount of 10.000% Senior Secured Notes due 2030 (the New Notes) in a private offering (the Offering) to persons reasonably believed to be “qualified institutional buyers” in the United States, as defined in Rule 144A under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the Securities Act), and to certain non-U.S. persons outside the United States in offshore transactions pursuant to Regulation S under the Securities Act. The Offering was conducted in connection with the financing of the Company’s proposed acquisition of Rotech. At the closing of the Offering, the gross proceeds were placed into a segregated escrow account where they were held for the benefit of the holders of the New Notes pending the consummation of the proposed acquisition of Rotech.

On June 3, 2025, the Company, Rotech and Merger Sub mutually agreed to terminate the Merger Agreement and entered into a mutual termination agreement (the Termination Agreement). On June 10, 2025 (the Redemption Date), the New Notes were redeemed in full at a price equal to 100% of the aggregate principal amount of the New Notes, plus accrued and unpaid interest up to, but excluding the Redemption Date.

We regularly evaluate market conditions, our liquidity profile and various financing alternatives to enhance our capital structure. We have from time to time, entered into, and from time to time in the future, we may enter into transactions to repay, repurchase or redeem our outstanding indebtedness (including by means of open market purchases, privately negotiated repurchases, tender or exchange offers and/or repayments or redemptions pursuant to the debt’s terms). Our ability to consummate any such transaction will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. We cannot provide any assurance as to if or when we will consummate any such transactions or the terms of any such transaction.

On February 26, 2025, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program of up to \$100 million and expires in February 2027. Under the program, we may repurchase shares of common stock on a discretionary basis from time to time through open market repurchases, privately negotiated transactions and 10b5-1 trading plans. During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, we repurchased in open-market transactions and retired 826 thousand shares of our common stock for an aggregate of \$6.6 million, or an average price per share of \$8.04.

We believe cash generated by operating activities, available financing sources, and borrowings under the Revolving Credit Agreement, cash on hand, and planned proceeds from the sale of our P&HS segment, will be sufficient to fund our working capital needs, capital expenditures, payments under long-term debt and lease arrangements, debt repurchases, share repurchases and other cash requirements. Subsequent to the sale of our P&HS segment we expect to amend the Receivables Sale Program to expand sales of our Patient Direct receivables. While we believe that we will have the ability to meet our financing needs in the foreseeable future, changes in economic conditions may impact (i) the ability of financial institutions to meet their contractual commitments to us, (ii) the ability of our customers and suppliers to meet their obligations to us or (iii) our cost of borrowing.

We earn a portion of our operating income in foreign jurisdictions outside the U.S. associated with the P&HS segment, which is reported under discontinued operations and assets held for sale. Our cash and cash equivalents held by our foreign subsidiaries subject to repatriation totaled \$13 million and \$22 million at September 30, 2025 and December

31, 2024 and is reflected in discontinued operations and assets held for sale. As of September 30, 2025, we are permanently reinvested in our foreign subsidiaries.

Contractual Obligations

For disclosure of material contractual obligations, see our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 and Note 15 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended on September 30, 2025.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

For a discussion of recent accounting pronouncements, see our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 and Note 17 in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements, included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the period ended on September 30, 2025.

Forward-looking Statements

Certain statements in this discussion constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Although we believe our expectations with respect to the forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions within the bounds of our knowledge of our business and operations, all forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties and, as a result, actual results could differ materially from those projected, anticipated or implied by these statements. Such forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, including, but not limited to:

- our ability to successfully complete the anticipated sale of our Products & Healthcare Services segment;
- increasing competitive and pricing pressures in the marketplace;
- our ability to retain existing and attract new customers and our dependence on sales to certain customers;
- our dependence on certain vendors, suppliers and third-parties for key components, raw materials, finished goods, equipment and services;
- our ability to successfully identify, close, manage or integrate acquisitions;
- our ability to successfully implement our strategic initiatives;
- our ability to successfully manage our international operations, including risks associated with changes in international trade regulations, foreign currency volatility, adverse tax consequences, and other risks of operating in international markets;
- uncertainties related to the impacts of current and potential tariffs and other trade-related measures, restrictions and policies and any retaliatory counter measures, and our plans to mitigate those impacts;
- uncertainties related to, and our ability to adapt to and comply with, changes in government regulations, including healthcare, tax and product licensing laws and regulations;
- risks arising from possible violations of legal, regulatory or licensing requirements of the markets in which we operate;
- uncertainties related to general economic, regulatory and business conditions and our ability to adapt to changes in product pricing and other terms of purchase by suppliers of product;

- uncertainties related to reimbursement qualification for non-invasive ventilation products
- our ability to meet the terms to qualify for supplier funding programs;
- the ability of customers and suppliers to meet financial commitments due to us;
- changes in manufacturer preferences between direct sales and wholesale distribution;
- changing trends in customer profiles and ordering patterns;
- our ability to manage operating expenses and improve operational efficiencies;
- availability of, and our ability to access, special inventory buying opportunities;
- our ability to continue to obtain financing at reasonable rates and to manage financing costs and interest rate risk, and our ability to refinance, extend or repay our substantial indebtedness;
- our ability to attract and retain talented and qualified teammates;
- recalls of any of our products, or safety risks or the discovery of serious safety issues with our products;
- changes, delays and uncertainties in the reimbursement process;
- our ability to adequately establish, maintain, protect and enforce our intellectual property and proprietary rights as well as avoid infringement, misappropriation or other violations of the intellectual property and proprietary rights of third parties;
- our ability to engage in transactions that may be limited by the restrictive covenants in our credit facilities and existing notes;
- our ability to comply with environmental, health and safety regulations;
- the risk that information systems are interrupted or damaged or fail for any extended period of time, that new information systems are not successfully implemented or integrated, or that there is a data security breach in our information systems or a third party's information systems that impacts our business;
- risks related to public health crises or future outbreaks of health crises or other adverse public health developments such as the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) global pandemic;
- the risk of an impairment to goodwill or other long-lived assets;
- our ability to timely or adequately respond to technological advances;
- our failure to adequately insure against losses, including from substantial claims and litigation;
- our ability to meet performance targets specified by customer contracts under contractual commitments;
- our capitation arrangements may prove unprofitable if actual utilization rates exceed our assumptions;
- the outcome of outstanding and any future litigation, including product and professional liability claims;
- volatility in the price of our common stock and securities; and

- other factors detailed from time to time in the reports we file with the SEC, including those described in “Item 1A. Risk Factors” of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 as amended and supplemented by the risk factors set forth in our Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2025 in “Item 1A. Risk Factors” and below in “Item 1A. Risk Factors”.

We undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, except as required by applicable law.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Certain quantitative and qualitative market risk disclosures are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. Through September 30, 2025, there have been no material changes in the quantitative and qualitative market risk disclosures described in such Annual Report.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

We carried out an evaluation, with the participation of management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures (pursuant to Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2025. There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the period of this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Part II. Other Information

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Certain legal proceedings pending against us are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024. Through September 30, 2025, there have been no material developments in any legal proceedings reported in such Annual Report, other than as described in Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Certain risk factors that we believe could affect our business and prospects are described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2024 and supplemented by the risk factors set forth in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2025 and June 30, 2025. Through September 30, 2025, there have been no material changes in the risk factors described in such Annual Report and Quarterly Reports, with the exception of the following added or revised risk factors:

The recent notice of termination from a large commercial Payor could negatively impact our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, capital resources and liquidity.

A commercial Payor, with which we have multiple separately managed contracts, recently notified us that it intends to terminate certain of our agreements with them. As a result of this notice of termination, we expect net neutral impacts to our financial results through the end of 2025, as the transitions of agreements and services are expected to start late in the fourth quarter of 2025. While the transitions of agreements and services are expected to continue throughout the first half of 2026, the specific timing of when these contracts will wind down is highly dependent on the Payor’s successor provider’s ability to successfully transition customers among other factors. The agreements expected to be terminated reflected 12% of our net revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2025. If we are unable to win new business to substitute this loss, effectively execute cost reduction actions, or maintain volume-based supplier

discounts, the loss of this contractual relationship could adversely affect our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

A recent determination from the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) would reduce reimbursement qualification for non-invasive ventilation products, which could negatively impact our financial condition, results of operations, cash flows, capital resources and liquidity.

In June 2025, CMS released a final national coverage determination for non-invasive positive pressure ventilation (NIPPV) in the home for the treatment of chronic respiratory failure due to chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD). This determination may make qualifying for NIPPV more difficult for new COPD patients seeking this treatment, as patients must meet a number of criteria before qualifying for coverage of an initial six-month period for respiratory assist devices and home mechanical ventilation. This CMS determination could adversely affect our business, results of operations, and financial condition.

Risks Related to the Sale of Our Products & Healthcare Services Segment

We plan to sell our P&HS segment, and there may be negative impacts on our business, financial results, and operations.

On February 28, 2025, we announced that we are actively engaged in discussions regarding the anticipated sale of our P&HS segment. On October 7, 2025, we announced that we entered into the Purchase Agreement. Unanticipated developments, including disruptions to our business due to macro-economic factors or otherwise, market conditions, the uncertainty of the financial markets, changes in the law, could delay or prevent the sale of the P&HS segment.

Following the anticipated sale of the P&HS segment, we will be a smaller, less diversified company with a single segment, Patient Direct. If we complete the sale of our P&HS segment, we may be more vulnerable to changing market conditions, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows. In addition, the diversification of revenue, costs, and cash flows will diminish, such that our results of operations, cash flows, working capital, effective tax rate, and financing requirements may be subject to increased volatility and our ability to fund capital expenditures and investments and service debt may be diminished. Following the anticipated sale of the P&HS segment, we may be unable to achieve the full strategic and financial benefits that we believe we may be able to achieve through the sale of our P&HS segment, or such benefits may be delayed or may never occur at all. For example, we believe the sale could provide the following benefits, among others:

- directing capital toward the higher growth and higher margin Patient Direct segment;
- applying proceeds from any such sale to repay certain of our indebtedness; and

We may not achieve these or other anticipated benefits for a variety of reasons, including, among others: (i) the possibility that the Purchase Agreement will not be completed, (ii) the possibility that we may not benefit as expected from the increased focus on our Patient Direct segment and simpler business model made possible by the sale, (iii) the risk of litigation, injunctions or other legal proceedings relating to the sale, (iv) unforeseen costs and expenses that will be incurred in connection with the sale process and (v) the sale will require significant amounts of management time and effort, which may divert management attention from operating and growing the Patient Direct segment. If we fail to achieve some or all of the benefits we expect to achieve as a result of the sale of our P&HS segment, or if such benefits are delayed, our business, results of operations, financial condition and cash flows could be materially and adversely affected.

We have already incurred expenses in connection with the exploration and negotiation of the anticipated sale of the P&HS segment and expect that the process of ultimately consummating the Purchase Agreement will be time-consuming and involve significant additional costs and expenses. Furthermore, we expect that the anticipated sale of P&HS segment will result in significant separation costs, and we are obligated to reimburse Purchaser for the first \$65 million of such costs.

Furthermore, the sale process could cause disruptions and create uncertainty surrounding our business and affect our relationships with our customers, suppliers and teammates. Although we intend to take actions to reduce any adverse effects, these uncertainties could cause customers, suppliers and others that deal with us to seek to change existing business relationships. In addition, teammate retention could be negatively impacted. If key teammates depart because of concerns relating to the uncertainty, our business could be harmed. Investor perceptions about the announcement could have a negative impact on the trading prices of our common stock or debt. Additionally, until the market has fully analyzed our valuation following the sale of the P&HS segment, the price of our common stock may fluctuate. Furthermore, the sale is expected to decrease the diversification of our revenues, costs and cash flows, our operations, cash flows, working capital, effective tax rate and financing requirements may be subject to increased volatility, and our ability to fund capital expenditures and investments, pay dividends and meet debt obligations and other liabilities may be diminished.

In connection with the anticipated sale of the P&HS segment, we will be required to provide certain transitional services which may divert management's attention and harm our business.

In connection with the Purchase Agreement, we will be required to provide certain services to the Purchaser for a transitional period. Such transitional services arrangements may be in exchange for fees that do not fully compensate us for the cost of providing such transitional services and may also divert management's attention and resources, away from the existing business, which could harm our business.

Certain contracts used in our business may need to be transferred or replaced in connection with the anticipated sale of the P&HS segment and failure to obtain such replacement contracts could increase our expenses or otherwise adversely affect our results of operations.

In connection with the anticipated sale of the P&HS segment, we may be required to replace certain shared contracts. It is possible that, in connection with the replacement process, some parties may seek more favorable contractual terms from us. If we are unable to obtain such replacement contracts, the loss of these contracts could increase our expenses or otherwise materially adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

The anticipated sale of certain assets associated with the P&HS segment could negatively impact our business, and retained liabilities from businesses or assets that we have sold could adversely affect our financial results.

The anticipated asset sales in connection with the P&HS segment pose risks and challenges that could negatively impact our business, including retained liabilities related to divested businesses and sold assets, obligations to indemnify buyers against contingent liabilities and potential disputes with buyers. If post-completion liabilities and obligations related to divestitures and asset sales are substantial and exceed our expectations, our financial position, results of operations and cash flows could be negatively impacted. Any divestiture or asset sale may result in a dilutive impact to our future earnings if we are unable to offset the dilutive impact from the loss of revenue and profits associated with the divestiture or sold asset, as well as significant write-offs, including those related to goodwill and other intangible assets, which could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition.

Risks Related to Our Ability to Comply with Environmental, Health and Safety Regulations

We may be subject to environmental, health and safety regulations, personal injury and litigation, which could adversely affect our financial results.

Our sterilization process in our manufacturing facilities within the P&HS segment includes the use of ethylene oxide (EtO). Potential environmental, health and safety risks associated with exposure to EtO subject us to risk of liability claims being made against us by workers, contractors, employees of our customers and individuals who have resided or otherwise spent time within miles of our EtO sterilization facilities. If we are the subject of litigation related to use of EtO there could be a material adverse effect on our results of operations or financial condition.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On February 26, 2025, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program of up to \$100 million and expires in February 2027. Under the program, we may repurchase shares of common stock on a discretionary basis from time to time through open market repurchases, privately negotiated transactions and 10b5-1 trading plans.

(in thousands, except per share data)

Period	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid Per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Program (1)	Approximate Dollar Value of Shares That May Yet be Purchased Under the Program (2)
February 26-February 28, 2025	— \$	—	— \$	100,000
March 1-March 31, 2025	173 \$	8.66	173 \$	98,500
April 1-April 30, 2025	653 \$	7.87	653 \$	93,360
May 1-May 31, 2025	— \$	—	— \$	93,360
June 1-June 30, 2025	— \$	—	— \$	93,360
July 1-July 31, 2025	— \$	—	— \$	93,360
August 1-August 31, 2025	— \$	—	— \$	93,360
September 1-September 30, 2025	— \$	—	— \$	93,360
Year-to-date	826		826	

- (1) On February 26, 2025, our Board of Directors authorized a share repurchase program of up to \$100 million and expires in February 2027. Under the program, we may repurchase shares of common stock on a discretionary basis from time to time through open market repurchases, privately negotiated transactions and 10b5-1 trading plans.
- (2) During the nine months ended September 30, 2025, we repurchased in open-market transactions and retired approximately 826 thousand shares of our common stock for an aggregate of \$6.6 million, or an average price per share of \$8.04.

Item 5. Other Information.

During the three months ended September 30, 2025, none of our directors or officers informed us of the adoption or termination of a trading plan intended to satisfy Rule 10b5-1(c).

Item 6. Exhibits

(a) Exhibits

10.1	<u>Equity Purchase Agreement, dated as of October 7, 2025, by and among the Company and Purchaser (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.1 to the registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed on October 7, 2025).</u>
31.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
31.2	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
32.1	<u>Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
32.2	<u>Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002</u>
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document - the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as iXBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Owens & Minor, Inc.
(Registrant)

Date: October 30, 2025

/s/ Edward A. Pesicka

Edward A. Pesicka

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director

Date: October 30, 2025

/s/ Jonathan A. Leon

Jonathan A. Leon

Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULE 13a-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Edward A. Pesicka, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2025 of Owens & Minor, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 30, 2025

/s/ Edward A. Pesicka

Edward A. Pesicka

President, Chief Executive Officer & Director

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULE 13a-14(a) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Jonathan A. Leon, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2025 of Owens & Minor, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 30, 2025

/s/ Jonathan A. Leon

Jonathan A. Leon

Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Owens & Minor, Inc. (the “Company”) on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, Edward A. Pesicka, President, Chief Executive Officer & Director of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Edward A. Pesicka

Edward A. Pesicka
President, Chief Executive Officer & Director
Owens & Minor, Inc.
October 30, 2025

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Owens & Minor, Inc. (the “Company”) on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2025, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the “Report”), I, Jonathan A. Leon, Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Jonathan A. Leon

Jonathan A. Leon

Executive Vice President & Chief Financial Officer

Owens & Minor, Inc.

October 30, 2025
